So. S. F. Is a Manufacturing City

The Enterprise

Western Center of the Steel Industry

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FIRST STEP IN HARBOR WORK TAKEN

APPROPRIATION FOR CHANNEL SURVEY NOW APPROVED BY BOTH HOUSES IN CONGRESS; OF GREAT IMPORT TO COUNTY.

Washington dispatches this week announce in the rivers and habors appropriation by the house of representatives "An appropriation for a survey of the channel at South San Francisco."

This means that the government has taken the first step looking toward harbor development of the south bay region.

This survey will determine the feasibility of deepening the bay channel opposite South San Francisco in a manner similar to the cut through Pinole shoals.

At the present time the depth of water in the bay channel opposite Belle Air Island is about twenty-one feet at low tide, and this bar, as it is called, has a length of approximately two miles. To the north from near the mouth of the Schaw-Batcher canal and all along San Francisco's water front the natural depth of the bay channel will accommodate ocean-going vessels. To the south of this "bar" from Belle Air Island to Sunnyvale, a distance of nearly forty miles, the natural depth of the channel in the bay is about thirty-five feet at low tide, a depth sufficient for all ocean-going commerce. If this bar were cut to a depth of thirty feet, the entire south bay region almost to San Jose would be open to ocean-going commerce, and the entire south bay district to harbor and industrial development.

Ports at Visitacion, South San Francisco, San Mateo, Redwood, and Alviso and at other between points would become practicable, and the dream of peninsula boosters for a complete reclamation of the tide land and swamp land areas along the bay front of the entire peninsula would obtain a justification beyond that offered by present conditions.

The first step toward a survey was obtained through the efforts of Congressmen Arthur M. Free and Julius Kahn and Senator Samuel M. Shortridge.

Expert engineers such as Howard Holmes, Haviland and Tibbets, Government Engineer Westdahl, and others have already estimated the cost of cutting this bar at a nominal figure, and the results in peninsula growth and development as tremendous.

Every community on the peninsula is fully alive to the opportunities which this survey presents to San Francisco and San Mateo counties, and every effort on the part of all civic bodies on the entire peninsula will be concentrated to secure a realization of the great results which must follow.

MANY JOIN M. E. CHURCH FOLLOWING REVIVALS

The special meetings held at St. Paul's Methodist Church here during the last two weeks have had excellent results in the way of reawakened spirit and enthusiasm in church work. The opening of Sunday school last Sunday saw one of the largest attendances on record, the enrollment in the school being 110 and the attendance, Sunday, 100. At the church services in the evening the pastor, Rev. C. L. Peck, received thirty-seven new members into the church.

CONFIRMATION AT GRACE EPISCOPAL CHURCH

The Right Rev. Edward L. Parsons, D.D., will administer the apostolic rite of the laying on of hands and preach at Grace Church, corner of Grand and Spruce avenues, Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. The public is cordially invited. The Rev. Edward H. Molony will continue the subject, "Old Trails and the Modern Highway of Religious Belief," at 11 a. m. All are welcome to these services.

Patronize our advertisers.

FACTORY OFFICIALS TALK HOUSE BUILDING

Plan Whereby Workers Can Buy Lot and New Home Explained at Special Meeting Tuesday.

An interesting special meeting of the South San Francisco Manufacturers' Association, and one that may have an important bearing on the future development of this city, was held at the Industrial Club at noon Tuesday. Nearly fifty representative business men of this city sat at lunch during the noon hour, a large proportion of these being officials of local manufacturing plants. Following lunch the purpose of the meeting, the building of houses in this city for factory workers, was introduced and discussed, Charles Hoehm of the Enterprise Foundry presiding at the meeting.

For the housing committee of the Manufacturers' Association, Phil Thompson reported that after months of work the committee believed it had at last formulated a plan whereby the much-needed houses could be constructed and sold to the factory workers. As outlined by Mr. Thompson and later by E. C. Peck of the E. C. Peck Investment Company, the plan included the sale to the factory employee of both lot and house at a minimum figure, no profit in the transaction going to the Peck Company, which was arranging for the building of the houses, the sale of the lots and the financing of the whole transaction. The factory in which the prospective house buyer worked will guarantee his payments on house and lot, also without profit. A first mortgage payable in three years to the local bank or to any other bank specified would be given by the purchaser, a second mortgage would be given to the E. C. Peck Investment Company, payable in two years, payments on the latter mortgages being guaranteed by the factory where the buyer is employed. The houses would be located in the north part of town near factories in that district or near the car line serving other factories. The factories under the agreement are given twenty days in which to canvass their employees and learn which wish to secure their own homes in this way.

George Wagner, a building contractor from San Francisco, showed plans of the houses to be built, these being of four and five rooms. Diffrent factory officials present expressed themselves as pleased with the project and confident that some of their employees would be glad to take advantage of it.

Among those present were Charles Hoehm and H. J. Hoehm of the Enterprise Foundry; W. G. Aldenhagen of the Western Pipe and Steel Company; A. F. Edwards, American Marble and Mosaic Company; Percy Keating, Pacific Car and Equipment Company; J. O. Snyder and A. Hynding, Western Meat Company; E. H. Edwards, E. H. Edwards Company; W. H. Dinning, South City Lumber and Supply Company; I. N. Potter, W. H. Coffinberry and H. Haaker, Bank of South San Francisco; J. H. Davidson, Prest-O-Lite Company; H. E. Rogers, Virden Packing Company; John Cox, W. P. Fuller Company; E. H. Lindner, American Brake Shoe Company; C. P. Burgess, J. P. Mullane and P. R. Thompson of the Pacific Coast Steel Company; E. M. Boyle, Growers' Rice Milling Company; W. J. Martin and Lloyd W. Thayer, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company; D. C. Ray, Pacific Gas and Electric Company; E. M. Kardos, Metal and Thermit Company; Supervisor Thomas L. Hickey, County Surveyor George A. Kneese, H. E. Smith, F. A. Cunningham, G. W. Holston, Dr. J. C. McGovern, E. C. Peck, J. W. Coleberd, George Wagner, Dr. F. S. Dolley, and Robert Speed.

LECTURE ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE AT HIGH SCHOOL AUDITORIUM

A lecture on Christian Science was delivered at the high school Tuesday evening. The speaker was John W. Doorly, C. S. B., of Boston, Mass. The auditorium was well filled and the audience showed keen interest in the subject. A delegation from Burlingame attended. The lecture in full will be found on another page of today's Enterprise.

DRAWBRIDGE FIGHT WON BY PENINSULA

Railroad Commission Dismisses the Matter, Killing Bridge Project.

The long and vigorous fight waged by the Chambers of Commerce and other civic bodies on the peninsula to prevent the installation of a drawbridge on the S. P. railroad at Seventh and Channel streets in San Francisco was Monday brought to a successful issue as far as peninsula interests are concerned, when State Railroad Commissioner Benedict ordered the petition of the Moody Estate for such a bridge dismissed. Commissioner Benedict ruled that the Railroad Commission had no jurdisdiction in this matter.

This denoument of the matter is most gratifying to the interests of San Mateo county, which have opposed the bridge on the ground that its operation would seriously delay traffic on the S. P. The railroad itself has also lent its best energies against the bridge on the same grounds. Opposing were the Harbor Commissioners, of which board Fred Moody, head of the Moody Estate Company, is a member. Apparently Moody's object has been to obtain deep-water frontage to his property. The Knight Estate, owners of adjacent property, also worked for the bridge, seemingly for the same reason.

The vigor with which peninsula residents have fought the bridge project is attested by the fact that nearly 300 of them recently went to Sacramento on a special train to lay the matter before Governor W. D. Stephens and ask for the removal of Fred S. Moody from the harbor board.

It is believed the bridge matter will now be dropped by those urging the project.

MISS WHITTEN SECT'Y CO. SUNDAY SCHOOLS

Sunday School Workers of County Hold Successful Convention Here.

The convention of the San Mateo County Sunday School Association, held in this city Sunday at St. Paul's Methodist Church, proved to be a most successful affair. Delegations were present from most of the Sunday schools of the county. At the election of officers for the coming year held during the afternoon, Miss Mabel Whitten of this city, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Whitten, was unanimously chosen secretary. The Rev. A. J. Wise of San Mateo was reelected president.

The convention opened in the afternoon. The Rev. C. W. Wise spoke on the subject "The Vacation Bible School." He was followed by the Rev. B. D. Weigle of San Francisco, whose subject was "The Weekday Church School."

From 5 to 6:30 o'clock a luncheon was served by the local Sunday school and enjoyed by many of the visitors and local Sunday school and church workers. Following the luncheon a young people's rally was held, led by Miss Mabel Whitten. Later a lecture, "A Trip to Tokio," illustrated by stereopticon slides, was delivered by C. R. Fisher.

The convention was led by Mrs. C. R. Fisher, state superintendent of Sunday schools.

It was decided to hold next year's convention at Redwood City.

CAR SKIDS ON WET PAVE AND PINS TWO BENEATH

Slippery pavement caused what narrowly missed being a serious accident on San Bruno road early Monday morning, when an automobile driven by William Straight of San Francisco skidded and turned over. Straight and a woman friend were thrown from the car and pinned beneath it for several minutes before aid arrived. Chief of Police Arthur Meehan of San Bruno and Constable Carl Lewis extricated the imprisoned man and woman and rushed them to the office of Dr. J. H. Rankin, Daly City, where they were treated for cuts and bruises.

Give a boy an automobile and he doesn't care who does his studying for him.

FAILURE TO GIVE AID LANDS MAN IN JAIL

E. I. Bittner of S. F. Arrested After Running Down So. S. F. Man.

J. Bruno is at the South San Francisco Hospital with painful though not necessarily serious injuries as a result of being run down by an auto driven by E. I. Bittner of San Francisco. Bittner will appear before Judge Cunningham this afternoon (Thursday) to answer to a charge of failing to give aid to his victim.

The accident happened on San Bruno road Sunday evening. Bruno was coming from the circus grounds on foot, when the Bittner car struck him. Instead of stopping to render assistance, Bittner drove on. Night Watchman H. McGraw pursued him in a passing car and overtook him at San Bruno. Bittner was brought back and lodged in jail, later being released on $500 bail. His hearing on the charge of refusing to give aid (a felony) was set for Wednesday morning, but because of the inability of District Attorney Swart to attend it was postponed to this afternoon (Thursday). In the meantime Bruno is at the South San Francisco Hospital with severe lacerations on his head, arms and legs.

SAN FRANCISCO C. OF C. URGES ACTION ON BRIDGE

The San Francisco Chamber of Commerce Tuesday adopted a resolution urging the board of supervisors of San Francisco to take immediate favorable action upon the request of the San Mateo county board of supervisors that the project of bridging the bay at Dumbarton Point be endorsed. The Chamber suggests that a conference be held at an early date to devise ways and means for furthering the construction of this bridge.

ELECTION FOR DIST. TO BE HELD AS CALLED

Supervisors Decide Not to Grant Petition for Cancellation.

At the special meeting of the board of supervisors held Monday on the question of the call for an election April 1st to form the Washington sanitary district near Redwood City, the decision of the board was that the call for the election would not be vacated in response to a petition that this be done. Pending further developments on the petitioners' part, therefore, the election will be held. The board's decision was reached after considerable discussion, in which Attorney Lee T. Ross appeared for the petitioners and Attorney J. J. Bullock for the proponents of the election for the district.

MISS HELEN BELLONI IS LAID TO REST

Miss Helen Belloni, aged 17 years, daughter of Mrs. A. Belloni of 460 Railroad avenue and sister of Night Watchman Louis Belloni of this city, died last Saturday of pneumonia. The funeral was held Monday afternoon in charge of S. Nieri. After benediction by Father J. P. Moran at All Souls' Church, interment took place in the Italian Cemetery.

A pretty feature of the funeral services was the acting as pallbearers of six young ladies, dressed in white. These were friends of the departed girl, their names being Emily Mattly, Mary Givia, Lottie Empena, Katie Terragno, Emily Da Prato and May Rosso. Many beautiful floral offerings attested the popularity of the deceased. Besides her mother and her brother, Louis, Miss Belloni leaves three brothers, John, Albert and William Belloni, and two sisters, Della and Fannie Belloni.

VOTERS REGISTERING HERE TOTAL 777

It has been announced from the office of County Clerk Nash that the total registration for this city is 777. The registration books will open again following the municipal election April 10th.

"Bring up a child in the way he should go," and he'll call you an old fogy.

C. OF C. DISCUSSES BUILDING PLANS

Booster Organization Fosters Plan That Promises to Secure Many New Houses to Rent.

There was a large gathering at the Chamber of Commerce meeting held at the city hall Tuesday evening when President F. S. Dolley rapped for order. It had been announced that the meeting would consider a new plan arranged to encourage house building in this city, and all present showed keen interest in the subject.

The plan as outlined by Dr. Dolley, and later enlarged upon by Phil Thompson and E. S. Peck, was especially attractive to those who own one lot or more clear of debt and would like to build for rental purposes, but are held back through lack of capital. By this plan such a property owner can build any style of house he wishes and secure the services of any contractor. The Bank of South San Francisco agrees by the tentative contract read to loan 50 per cent of value of house and lot. Later the bank will make another advance sufficient to cover further costs of construction, etc., this second advance being on a separate note with one or more responsible endorsers as security. The house when constructed will be rented and the rental money applied first to pay interest on the bank loan, second on the principal of the separate note.

This arrangement met with an immediate response, and a dozen or more of the Chamber members present pledged themselves to find two lot owners each to build under the conditions stated. The contract states that the endorsers will be found by the Chamber. From the enthusiasm shown it would seem that this city is in for an immediate building boom. Mr. Henderson, superintendent of Mount Olivet Cemetery, spoke in praise of the plan, stating that it was much easier to work out than a formal building and loan organization.

After the discussion on building the matter of the proposed eastside highway was taken up, and a committee, composed of L. G. Hardy, J. O. Snyder and F. A. Cunningham, appointed to see what could be done to have the link connecting San Bruno with Daly City through this town included when the county bond issue is called for to construct the highway from San Bruno south.

A committee, consisting of W. H. Dinning, A. McSweeney and I. R. Potter, was appointed to learn the present status of the Dumbarton bridge project.

The much-discussed plan to secure an independent postoffice for this city was brought up, and Phil Thompson and A. Hynding appointed a committee to work on this matter with the postal authorities.

THEY FIND IT PAYS.

Does Enterprise advertising pay? Listen!

Last week Fred Lautze, proprietor of the Depot Garage and the man to whom Henry Ford entrusts the selling of his benzine buggies in this vicinity, had some special bargains in tires, tubes, batteries and oil to sell. Like the wise merchant he is, Mr. Lautze advertised these articles in The Enterprise. Result: within three days Mr. Lautze was sold out of the articles offered, the eager buyers snapping them up so fast that the bell on Mr. Lautze's cash register jingled like sleighbells on a frosty night.

Two weeks ago the proprietor of the Superior French Laundry decided to sell a two-story, ten-room house he had. Being wise in his day and generation, Tony advertised the house for sale in The Enterprise. Result: a day or two later Tony dropped into The Enterprise office and said the ad had done its work—the house was sold, Pete Lauchere being the buyer.

There is no necessity of saying more. He who is wise will advertise in The Enterprise.

HALF MILLION PLEDGED FOR TANFORAN

MILLIONAIRE SPORTING MEN INCORPORATE AND PLAN TO SPEND HUGE SUM REOPENING FAMOUS RACETRACK.

The long-rumored project to convert the old Tanforan racetrack into a new and modern course for the revival of horse racing seems at last to be in a fair way of becoming a fact. This was brought out following a meeting in San Francisco Wednesday of Rudolph Spreckels, A. B. Spreckels, Herbert Fleishhacker, Colonel D. C. Jackling, A. King Macomber, F. J. Kelley and other wealthy men of the peninsula and bay region who are backing the project.

According to an announcement following the meeting $500,000 will be spent in putting the old track in condition, erecting a grandstand and making other improvements on the place.

The men supporting the big project are all enthusiasts of horse racing. They have organized a jockey club, incorporating under the laws of Delaware. It is planned that the first race meet will be held next Thanksgiving day.

As unlimited money is behind these rich promoters of the "king of sports," they intend to have Tanforan a world-wide drawing card for San Francisco.

Macomber, one of the three largest racing figures in the world today, it is said, has fully endorsed all of the ambitious plans of the two Spreckels brothers.

So, it is also understood, has the noted copper king, Colonel Jackling.

Howard Spreckels, the son of Rudolph Spreckels, as the secretary of the new jockey club, is to be a very active figure in placing Tanforan on the world's racing map.

FONTANA FORMS NEW FIRM IN SAN FRANCISCO

The following news item, which appeared in a San Francisco newspaper Wednesday, is of interest locally where Mr. Fontana is known as one of the proprietors of the splendid new Fontana factory in this city:

"R. G. Fontana and C. B. Hollywood have formed a partnership under the title Fontana-Hollywood Company, to conduct a merchandise brokerage and manufacturers' agency business at 2 Pine street, San Francisco.

"For the past fifteen years Mr. Fontana was connected with the California Packing Corporation and its predecessors, while Mr. Hollywood served thirty-eight years for the same companies.

"In addition to their general brokerage business, they will act as sale distributors for the Fontana Food Products Company, whose plant is now under construction in South San Francisco, and will be ready for operation soon after June 1st. The products will consist of macaroni, spaghetti and egg noodles, the factory being one of the largest, if not the largest, of its kind in the world."

PROHIBITION OFFICERS RAID POOL HALL HERE

An auto load of prohibition officers raided the California Pool Hall in this city last Friday afternoon. It is reported they took one of the proprietors and a customer into custody and secured considerable evidence of infraction of the prohibition law.

LADIES' AID MEETING HELD AT SCOTT HOME

Mrs. A. P. Scott entertained the Ladies' Aid of St. Paul's M. E. Church at her home on Grand avenue Thursday afternoon of last week. Thirty-three members attended.

An old maid wants you to believe that she thinks a miss is as good as a missus.

Some people don't open the door when opportunity knocks because they think it is just another collector.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

W. H. DINNING
FOR
SCHOOL TRUSTEE
SCHOOL ELECTION, MARCH 31, 1922

E. H. LEWIS
FOR
SCHOOL TRUSTEE
SCHOOL ELECTION, MARCH 31, 1922

Wholesome - - - - Delicious
BREAD and CAKES

¶Nourishing bread baked of the finest hard wheat flour under the most sanitary conditions. . . .

¶Crisp, tasty cookies and light, fluffy cup cakes that are delicious for the school lunches. . . .

¶Chocolate cakes, cocoanut cakes and pies of every description that fairly melt in the mouth. . . .

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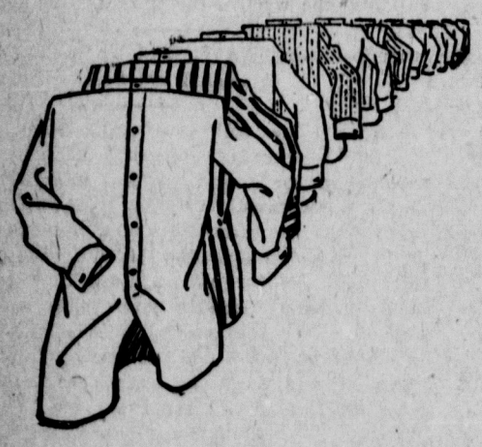
A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU OF OUR FINE WORKMANSHIP



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We Guarantee All Our Meats
as
WESTERN MEAT COMPANY
GOVERNMENT STAMPED
GOODS
which are absolutely the best

SOUTH CITY MEAT MARKET
A. RASPADORI
249 Grand Avenue

LEARN TO "LIVE"

Mere Existence Should Never Be One's Sole Aim.

Too Many Tie Themselves to the Grindstone and Fail to See Beauty and Joy of Life.

The other day a man died. After the funeral a party of those who had known him were discussing him—quite sympathetically. His good points were recalled and emphasized, and it came as a bit of a shock when the criticism was made:

"Yes, poor old S——wasn't a bad sort, but he only lived eighteen years."

"Why, he was fifty-three!" came the protestation.

"Yes; but he only lived eighteen of them—from the time he was seven and began to get hold of life, until he was twenty-five. After that—well, he simply worked and slept. He didn't live; he just existed. There's a mighty difference."

Silence fell on the group. The unexpected criticism had thrown an illuminating searchlight on one man's life and revealed the truth, remarks a London Answers writer.

He hadn't "lived." Life, by his own choice, had been just work and sleep, sleep and work. No, please do not seek to excuse him by saying that possibly his work was his life. In a sense it was, but it had no right to be. He was in the world as much to live as to work.

The divine plan never intended that any man should use his life wholly and solely for work. That, most obviously, with necessary sleep added, would leave no time for "living" in the real sense of the word. It would be the turning of the grindstone, with no eye for the pageant of life and no share in it. That's existence—not "living."

Have we not to take from, as well as give to, the world? Has any one really "lived" if his record is that he worked and slept and worked and slept and died?

Of some men it is said that they like their work so much that it is their life. Well, it shouldn't be. It is as though one forever lived on bread and water and ignored nature's gifts, created for our use and enjoyment, of luscious fruits, fish and fowl.

Do not we work to live? Why, then, reverse that and live to work? It may be argued that our necessities and our responsibilities compel. They should not. Take the case of the man who died. He worked and worked and never broke off to "live," because of his responsibilities. In the end, and as the result, he died in the prime of life—worked out. And he left his responsibilities behind him—unprovided for! The grindstone of work wore him out.

If you want to live on, you must "live." Toil takes toil. "Living"—the holiday by the sea, the football match, the enjoyable evening at the club, cricket, the pictures, little outings, fishing, golf, all and everything which is pleasurable, make you "live."

And that is what we are here for. The elixir of life is hidden in the nectar of pure, recreative pleasure. Get away from the grindstone and drink of it. You want life, and not just existence.

The old tag, "We ain't got much money, but we do see life!" holds profound wisdom.

Do, please, "live"! Work should be but the means to that end. Don't be as a man the writer knows who works, works, works that he may scrape a thousand pounds together for his wife and children when he has gone. Unselfish? No, merely silly!

He could bring about the same result by spending twelve pounds a year on life insurance and use the balance of his earnings to "live!"

Live please! Take something out of life. All work and no play makes life just an existence. Live!

Superstition Among French People.

That superstition and belief in witchcraft and sorcery are not dead in France was shown the other day in the case of a young Parisian girl, who, acting on the advice of a fortune-teller, buried a calf's heart in a woman's grave in order to recover the affection of her faithless lover.

In the provinces such cases are common. There are villagers who are popularly believed to cast spells over their neighbors; magicians and sorcerers in the back valleys of the Loire and on the lonely Landes of Brittany who wield mysterious power and call up unseen forces of good or evil to sooth or terrorize the peasants.

Frequently French superstition finds comfort in "good spirits" in the form of magicians who are learned in the art of discovering buried treasure or of healing the sick. They are reputed to hold converse with the spirits of the departed and are consulted by their neighbors on family affairs like wills or marriages just as the Oracles were consulted in ancient times.

Gaze Lower and Be Safe.

The president of the Baldwin Locomotive works would have us keep young men by "gazing into the faces of the young around us." We knew of one fellow who did that and got jabbed with a hatpin.—New Orleans Times-Picayune.

Said and Done.

The speedometer said 60 miles an hour.
The constable said it was 90.
The natives said it was a crime.
He said it was the life.
His friends said it
With flowers.—Wayside Tales.

WILL DEVELOP JET INDUSTRY

Company Formed to Work Large Deposits Recently Found in Wayne County, Utah.

What is believed to be the first jet deposit to be developed in the United States is now being successfully mined in Wayne county, Utah, where recently mineralogists discovered the largest commercial body of the mineral known to exist in the world. Singularly, discovery of the jet was accidentally made by a party of miners engaged in assessment work for a copper company. The work of mining the jet began late in the summer of last year and, with financial backing assured, is expected to develop into great proportions.

At the present time the work of mining the mineral is more or less crudely done, but it is the intention of the owners of the decidedly valuable deposits soon to install modern machinery and develop the industry into the largest of its kind in the world.—Baltimore American.

Smoking at Washington.

The Japanese were the most incessant smokers of all the visitors to the conference on limitation of armaments, said a newspaper man who attended the meetings. Baron Kato seldom is seen without a cigarette, and quite frequently lights one with another. Prince Tokugawa does likewise, while the diminutive Mr. Dubuchi is never seen without a cigarette. Mr. Hanihara is more temperate in his use of the weed. There was never any prohibition about smoking in the Japanese conference rooms. Mr. Hughes prohibits smoking when the correspondents gather. They park their partly smoked weeds on the outside. The Chinese never offered any objection to the cloud-filled conference rooms. For the French, M. Briand was the principal user of tobacco, and when he was not in a plenary session, where no one is permitted to smoke, he never was seen without his Turkish cigarette.

A man died in Ohio the other day at the age of more than 100 who had lived next door to a moving picture theater for years and often had been inside the building, but never had seen a picture. He was blind.

In the spring a young man's fany lightly turns to thoughts of a new roadster.

Where is the fiflapper that can flap flapjacks?

Try Our Homemade
PIES, CAKES and CANDIES

WE SERVE
ACME ICE CREAM

The Sweet Shop
OPPOSITE ROYAL THEATRE

R & G CORSETS
Known as the best improved corset for
Fit and Wear
MODEL 248 IS A HEAVY-WEIGHT CORSET
EXCEPTIONAL VALUE FOR $3.50

A. T. ARNDT
319 Grand Avenue South San Francisco

For Results Advertise in The Enterprise

A WONDERFUL BARGAIN

We are now building five Stucco Bungalows in our High School Addition. They contain two bedrooms, dining room, living room, kitchen, bathroom, and back porch with wash trays.

MODERN IN EVERY PARTICULAR

The grounds will be laid out with lawn, shrubs and plants.

Price, $3975.00

A small payment down and balance like rent.

FOR PARTICULARS SEE:

E. C. PECK COMPANY
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OR THE
SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT CO.
W. J. MARTIN, General Manager

BADEN CASH STORE
BERTUCCELLI & MAIRANI
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Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings
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SUITS MADE TO ORDER. EXPERT TAILORING
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Clean-Up Sale
NOW ON AT
SCHNEIDER'S
IN order to rid our store of broken lines, remnants, odds-and-ends, etc., we are now having a regular Clean-Up Sale.
Plenty of bargains for everybody. Come down where prices are down.
SCHNEIDER'S
306 Grand Ave. So. San Francisco

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TRY YOUR HOME STORES FIRST
SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

Modern House
BUILT 3 YEARS AGO
GOOD AS NEW
For Sale on Terms Like Rent
LIVING ROOM WITH FIREPLACE
TWO BEDROOMS, LARGE KITCHEN
BACK PORCH WITH WASH TRAYS
HOUSE AND GARAGE $3300.00
E. C. PECK
LAND OFFICE TELEPHONE 9

Blue and White

Official Paper of the
South San Francisco High School

EDITOR ..... Edna Broner
STAFF
Seniors ..... Grace Robinson
Juniors ..... Alexis James
High Sophomores ..... Ambrose Aylsworth
Low Sophomores ..... Althea Spangler
High Freshmen ..... Edward Kingsland
Low Freshmen ..... Louise Reid

SANTA CLARA WINS CHAMPIONSHIP.

For the first time in two years South San Francisco high school was defeated in volley-ball. At that, Santa Clara won only after a hotly contested series of three games.

Santa Clara won the first game, 21-16. The South City girls had led in points up to 16. Then Santa Clara forged ahead. The second game was won by South City with the score of 21-12.

The deciding game was nerve-racking and each point hotly contested. Santa Clara by her excellent serving finally defeated our girls, 21-9.

Miss Mayer of San Jose high refereed.

After the game the Santa Clara girls served a delicious supper which was much appreciated. They took us to the station in the school bus, only to have us find upon our arrival that we had missed our train and had a long wait ahead of us. Then our girls regretted that they had not had time to finish the "spread."

SENIOR PARTY.

The junior class of '23 and its class teacher, Miss Harmon, were entertained by the seniors at a party last Friday evening. The party was held at the home of Miss Rue Clifford. Games and dancing were enjoyed throughout the evening. The two classes were honored by the presence of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Adams.

A delightful spread of cakes, sandwiches, ice cream, chocolate and candies had been prepared under the supervision of Mrs. Clifford, and every one ate heartily. The table decorations and favors were of green with a harp in the center of the table, in honor of St. Patrick. The guests left early Saturday morning, arriving home almost in time for breakfast. Our hats are off to the class of '22. The seniors sure know how.

SCIENCE CLUB.

The regular meeting of the Science Club was called to order Tuesday, March 28th, by the president, Alice Elmers. Elmer Vaccari was appointed secretary pro tem in the absence of the regular secretary.

Edwin Kingsland reported a wireless radio set will be purchased by the school through the efforts of the Science Club committee.

Mr. Holt reported that the manual training class was making cabinets for the exhibits of the Science Club.

A hike was suggested, details of which will be announced later.

G. P. A. L. VOLLEY-BALL GAME FRIDAY

Tomorrow (Friday) South City meets San Mateo volley-ball team on our own court. If we beat, we take second place in the league, as we shall then have had only one defeat, San Jose two, and San Mateo will have had three.

We should be very glad to have the parents who are interested in the high school sports watch the game. Our court, Friday, March 31st, at 3:45 p. m.

JUNIORS VS. LOW SOPHOMORES.

The low sophomores met defeat in a very exciting basket-ball game with the juniors and seniors last Friday afternoon. They had been boasting for a week that they could "trim" the juniors in basket-ball and challenged them to a game, which resulted in a score of 38 to 24 in favor of the upper classmen. Mr. Adams refereed the game.

Just before the third quarter the junior girls and teacher showed some class spirit by giving their class yell, which seemed to give the boys more pep.

Alpheus McGovern (in English)—Lord Byron wrote many poems, but then grew reckless and married.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Grace Church—Episcopal.
Vicar, Rev. Edward H. Molony.
Phone 305.
Lenten services:
Wednesdays—10 a. m. Litany and brief address.
Fridays—4 p. m. Outlines Christian doctrine.

St. Paul's M. E. Church
Clayton L. Peck, Pastor.
Special revival services at 7:30 o'clock every evening, except Saturday, until March 26th. Good music, short revival sermons.

If you are interested in your own soul and the souls of others, come and enjoy these special services.
Evening service at 7:30 o'clock.

Christian Science Society of South San Francisco.

Beginning with February 1, 1922, Christian Science Society of South San Francisco will hold its services in Metropolitan Hall. The public is cordially invited to attend—Sunday at 11 in the morning and Wednesday at 8 in the evening.

Subject of lesson sermon, "Unreality."

Famous Tree Moves To Sacred Ground

If Daniel Webster, famous American statesman, should return to Washington looking for the shade tree under which he rested at his home there, he might be surprised to find it growing healthfully in another part of town. The tree, as shown in the picture, has been moved over to the Lincoln Memorial Grounds for preservation and given prominent place.

SOME DAY

SOME GLADSOME DAY you'll take unto yourself a bride. New responsibilities then: a tidy bank balance will prove a friend indeed.
Bank of South San Francisco
South San Francisco, Calif.

Men are greater spendthrifts than women, but they don't tell where they spend their money while women are always anxious to display what they buy.

The boy who says "I want a job," will get one somewhere, but the one who says, "I want a position," will only get a lot of recommendations.

No flirt like an old flirt.

NEGOZIO ITALIANO
Tel. Kearny 5738
Vestiari da Uomo e da Ragazzi
Cappelli, Maglierie, Scarpe
Baull, Valigie, Etc.
G. CAVAGNARO
Men's Clothiers and Furnishers
HATS SHOES TRUNKS
468-470 BROADWAY
Bet. Kearny and Montgomery Streets San Francisco, Calif.

Sterling French Cleaners and Dyers
218 EAST LANE, BURLINGAME
Come here and you can't go wrong,
Dry Cleaning, that's our song.
French Process, best you've seen,
It cleans your clothes clean.
POPULAR PRICES
PHONE BURL. 699 Our Driver calls every Tuesday and Friday

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR
Go In Comfort
GO at your pleasure—go where you choose and when you choose, with your family or your friends. Enjoy the boundless beauties of nature, the pure air, a lunch in a shady wood, a fishing excursion, a rest by a cool lake or stream.
You can in a Ford. Millions have learned by experience that to own and operate a Ford is not an extravagance; they have learned that the many pleasures derived from a Ford takes the place of other pleasures, and the saving thus made often pays for the car and its maintenance.
Let's talk this matter over. Get the facts and figures.
FORD DEALER
FRED J. LAUTZE
Telephone 48
San Bruno Road South San Francisco

The Enterprise

Official Paper of the City of South San Francisco
Published every Thursday. Office, 312 Linden Avenue. Phone 126.

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ROBERT SPEED - - - - - - Managing Editor

THURSDAY, MARCH 30, 1922.

WESTERN BANKS SEE BETTER DAY

From annual reports of conditions and earnings of banks in Western states for 1921, it appears that banking has come through a hard year.

In one state 293 banks and trust companies show net profits of only $93,093.70 for the year after writing off losses.

Losses were charged off totaling $2,321,961, of which $254,299.33 had been recovered, and in other states reports are similar.

Seattle suffered one gigantic loss in a big bank that was supposed to be protected under a state guaranty of deposits law which failed to afford protection.

Western banks have also suffered by inroads from state and national farm loans, raised on untaxed bond issues. Deposits fell off, but demands for farm loans increased.

But our state and national banking laws, backed by the federal reserve system, have come through it all and look forward to a brighter year.

The banks have met the situation by writing off doubtful paper, by using current earnings and by voluntary contributions and assessments from stockholders.

These losses have been made good by current earnings and voluntary contributions and assessments from the personal funds of the stockholders.

There has been no material reduction in surplus and undivided profits accounts, and the banks are now facing a more prosperous condition with unimpaired capital, but additional security to themselves and their depositors.

HELP WANTED

A government publication, sent out monthly, asks, How can the government help you in business?

The truth is, business in our country is almost at the point of being governed to death.

A few more trade commissions, commerce commissions, shipping boards, wage boards, and what little business is left would vanish.

There are now estimated by Ford's Weekly to be fifteen million persons making their living off government in one form and another.

A little broom-handle factory in a Western state was visited by seventeen state and federal inspectors inside of three months.

All rode in motor cars paid for by the government, and all burned gas and had all their expenses paid by the government.

The ordinary state government has expanded until a half million dollars a year invested in motor vehicles for officials is not uncommon.

The taxpayer and the producer are crying not for more help from the government, but for less of the endless chain of supervision.—Industrial Bureau.

Just as we are gleefully figuring on getting rid of the coal man the ice man resurrects a grin and begins to strut—proving conclusively that there is always some hick ready to take the joy out of our sorrows.

WHY NOT THE BETTER WAY?

Some good people thing we should prevent any more foreigners from coming to this country—that we should restrict all further immigration.

But why? We have millions of millions of undeveloped land waiting for the plow, and many other millions that are only partially developed. All should be under cultivation.

A good way would be to admit only those foreigners who can furnish a clean record before they sail. Then compel them to obey every law of our land, and the moment they are convicted of crime, or of stirring up striffe, or of criticising our form of government, ship them back to the countries from whence they came.

A firm and impartial enforcement of law is what we require.

The Asiatic question, though, might be treated from a different point of view.

Brains make the man, but the soul of woman is her chief attraction.

Silence is golden, especially when the tax assessor is around.

Poem by Uncle John

LIVING FEREVER

If fellers lived forever, and no one had to die, we wouldn't need to think about a home beyond the sky,—an' the dread of fire hereafter needn't worry us a bit, for there wouldn't be no habits that a feller had to quit. The money-sharks would get it all an' never leave a smell, for if misers lived forever, they couldn't go to hell,—an' I have a sneakin' notion, as I watch 'em multiply, that it ain't no disadvantage fer an onery cuss to die. If people lived forever, an' a family gathered in, it would take a forty-acre field to hold a feller's kin, an' when it come to feedin' 'em, I haven't any doubt that one Thanksgivin' dinner would clean a feller out. I hope I'm not hard-hearted, nor prone to speakin' rough, but I think the plan of heaven an' hell is plenty good enough.

From Uncle John

Making It An Event

EASTER ARRIVED JUST IN TIME FOR ELMER'S FIRST

WANT ADS.

These little advertisements are tremendous pullers. Try one for whatever you have to sell, buy, rent, or trade, if you want work or to hire help.

To Rent—Two furnished housekeeping rooms, kitchen and bedroom, single or double beds, bachelors or couple, water, electricity and gas for cooking, linen, etc., $12 per mo.; also 3-rm. cottage, very nicely furnished, linen, water, electricity and gas for cooking, $20 per mo. Apply 1224-26 San Bruno road, opposite Western Pipe Company. 8t

For Sale—Black Minorca hatching eggs, thoroughbred stock, $1 for 15 eggs. Call after 5 p. m., Mrs. S. R. Sands, 633 Grand avenue, So. S. F. 4t

Wanted—A building contractor, a house painter and an interior decorator. Inquire South San Francisco Merchants' Association, H. Cavassa, President. tf

For Sale—1915 Maxwell touring car; good running condition; first-class tires; sold for best offer. Inquire 839 Cypress avenue, So. S. F. 2t

For Sale—New sewing machine, dining room chairs and table, baby carriage. Inquire 109 Aspen avenue, So. S. F. 4t

For Sale—Ford sedan, two months old; very reasonable. Fred Lautze, San Bruno road, phone 48. 1t

For Sale—Baby chix; Rhode Island Reds, Black Minorcas, Barred and White Rocks, Buff Orpingtons, Anconas, Buff, White and Brown Leghorns; every week. Enoch Crews, Seabright, Calif. 2t

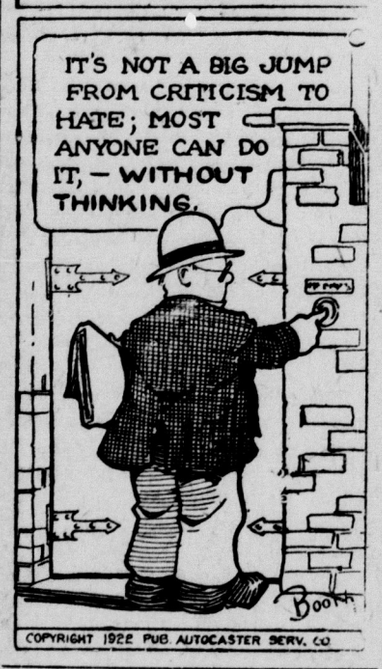
For Sale—Ford touring car with starter, late model; a bargain. Fred Lautze, San Bruno road, phone 48. 1t

BEN FRANKLIN'S KIN AIMS FOR CONGRESS

Ellen Duane Davis, great granddaughter of Benjamin Franklin, has announced her candidacy for the Democratic nomination to Congress from the second Pennsylvania district.

We Do BILL HEAD PRINTING on HAMMERMILL BOND

Uncle John's Josh



If you think your dearest enemy is lacking in good qualities, just ask him to tell you about them. He can.

Judged by newspaper reports, some of the movie actors are called stars chiefly because they stay out nights.

You often hear of a confirmed bachelor, but you never hear of a confirmed widower.

AT ROYAL THEATER SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

Program for Week Beginning Sunday, April 2d:

Sunday—Jack Holt in "The Grim Comedian," comedy and Mutt and Jeff cartoon.

Monday—All-star cast in "The Bronze Bell." Jack Reeves in "Fingers of Fate."

Tuesday—Hobart Bosworth in "The Cup of Life." Christy comedy, "Barnyard Cavalier" and International News.

Wednesday—Hobart Bosworth in "The Cup of Life." Christy comedy, "Barnyard Cavalier" and International News.

Thursday—Richard Dix in "The Glorious Fool." Comedy, "Country Chickens" and Sport Review.

Friday—All-star cast in "Certain Rich Man." Eddie Polo in "The Secret Four," No. 14.

Saturday—Claire Adams in "The Killer." Comedy, "Land's Sake," and Bray comic.

NOMINEES FOR PUBLIC OFFICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following persons have been nominated for the offices hereinafter mentioned to be filled at the General Municipal Election to be held in the City of South San Francisco on Monday, the 10th day of April, 1922:

For Members of the Board of Trustees.

F. A. Cunningham.
A. J. Eschelbach.

The following proposition will be submitted to the electors at said General Municipal Election for their approval:

Proposition.

The proposition to levy a special tax of Twenty (20) cents on each One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) of the property assessed for the purposes of taxation within said municipality for the purpose of raising the sum of Fourteen Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($14,500.00) to be expended for grading the Civic Center Site in said City.

Dated March 28, 1922.

DANIEL McSWEENEY,
City Clerk.

3-30-2t

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF THE City of South San Francisco

FOR THE YEAR 1922

All Taxpayers are required by law to annually make and deliver to the Assessor a statement, under oath, setting forth specifically all the real and personal property owned by such person, or in his possession, or under his control, at 12 o'clock meridian, on the

First Monday in March

Accordingly, you are requested to fill out the assessment blank in question and deliver the same at the office of the Assessor immediately making oath thereto.

The property of all persons who refuse or neglect to furnish such statement will be arbitrarily assessed; and such assessment will not be subject to equalization. Refusal to furnish the statement above required will subject the person so refusing to a fine of $100.

Any information relating to the assessments will be furnished upon application at the City Hall.

DANIEL McSWEENEY,
Assessor, City of South San Francisco.

NOTICE TO TAYPAYERS

Notice is hereby given that the second installment of City Taxes of the City of South San Francisco for the year 1921-1922 will be delinquent April 24th (last Monday in April). Payment should be made at the office of the City Clerk, in the City Hall, South San Francisco.

DANIEL McSWEENEY,
City Clerk.

3-30-4t

Fire Insurance Automobile Insurance
GEO. HAWKINS
REAL ESTATE
Phone 333 365 Grand Ave.

Home-made Doughnuts
TO TAKE HOME
25 cents a Dozen
AMERICAN CAFE
88 Grand Avenue

Phone Randolph 988
GEORGE PAPPAS
FLORIST
Opposite Holy Cross Cemetery
FLOWERS FOR ALL OCCASIONS
Funeral Work a Specialty
Prices Reasonable Open 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

FRATERNAL DIRECTORY

South City Lodge, No. 832, L. O. O. M. meets in Fraternal Hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers welcome.
Geo. Kiessling, Dictator.
Henry Veit, Secretary.

Tippecanoe Tribe, No. 111, Impd. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Fraternal Hall. Visiting brothers welcome.
A. Maderas, Sachem.
R. Zanetti, Chief of Records.

Bay City Homestead, No. 5527, B. A. Y., meets every third Wednesday in the month.
A. R. Tunzi, Foreman.
H. F. McNellis, Correspondent.

Francis Drake Lodge, No. 376, F. & A. M., meets at Fraternal Hall first Friday every month for stated meeting.
R. W. Burge, Master.
G. W. Holston, Secretary.

San Mateo Pyramid No. 25, Ancient Egyptian Order of Sciots, meets at Masonic Temple, San Mateo, second Saturday evening of each month for business session. FERD PRINCE, Toparch.
A. A. ROCHEX, Scribe.

South City Aerie, No. 1478, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Fraternal Hall, 8 o'clock.
Geo. A. Kneese, Worthy President.
Daniel Hyland, Secretary.
Visiting brothers welcome.

Bernard McCaffery Post, No. 85, American Legion—Meets at City Hall 1st and 3d Friday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock.
M. B. Koop, Commander.
William J. Hyland, Adjutant.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

DR. C. M. DECKER
DENTIST
319 Grand Avenue, South San Francisco
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Phelan Bldg., San Francisco, Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
So. San Francisco Telephone 235

DR. J. C. McGOVERN
DENTIST
Office: Bank Building
South San Francisco. San Mateo Co., Cal.

J. W. COLEBERD
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
South San Francisco, San Mateo County, Cal.

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO HOSPITAL
Cor. Grand and Spruce Avenues
South San Francisco, Cal.

J. G. WALKER
INSURANCE BROKER
LIFE, FIRE AND AUTOMOBILE
306 Miller Ave., So. S. F.
Phone 159-J

B. J. RODONDI
REAL ESTATE
With E. C. Peck Investment Company. Office, Linden and Grand avenues, also 609 Miller avenue. Italian spoken.
Telephone 43-MK

KAUFFMANN BROS.
EXPRESS AND DRAYING
Wood and Coal, Hay, Grain and Ice. Office with Wells-Fargo Express, 397 Grand avenue, South San Francisco. Phone 55-W.

HAZEL M. FROST
TEACHER OF PIANO
San Francisco—Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday. Franklin 6380.
Berkeley—Monday and Thursday.
South San Francisco—Saturdays.
Studio at Martin Bldg. Entrance on Linden avenue.

SERVICE SATISFACTION
THREE BARBERS
AT
THE COSY SHAVING PARLOR
Cor. Grand and Cypress Aves.

MRS. ANITA CORTELAZZI
RESIDENTE CORSETIERE
Rep. Nu Bone Coret Co.
Si eseguiscono Busti su misura.
Speciale attenzione alle donne grosse.
16 Maple Ave., So. San Francisco, Calif.
Phone So. S. F. 131-W

South City Plumbing Shop
MINUCCIANI & MINETTI, Props.
116 Grand Avenue, South San Francisco
TINNING AND PLUMBING
Estimates Given on New Work
Telephone So. S. F. 34-J

Tikes and Teeners Corner

Conducted by "Auntie Ruth"

Letters and compositions from the young folk will be gladly received for publication in this corner by Auntie Ruth. Write and tell your experiences in school, in your home or what you saw on the way to school. Also tell Auntie Ruth the kind of stories you like to read.

Address all communications thus: "Auntie Ruth, Community News, 224 Miramar Avenue, San Francisco, Calif."

My Dear Nieces and Nephews: Did you get fooled this morning? And how many victims did you capture? Auntie Ruth hopes that in all your fun you did not forget to be truthful and considerate of others. There can be no real pleasure in fibbing or in hurting people's feelings.

Want to hear how I got "fooled" one April 1st, long ago? We had a very quiet, dignified, even stern principal that year, and that morning he opened chapel exercises by announcing, very gravely, that we would sing No. 999. In all innocence we turned the leaves of our school hymnal and turned—and turned, then looked in astonishment at the big, imposing man on the platform.

His face was composed, even sad, until some one ventured a timid giggle, then what a change! The corners of his stern mouth twitched, and oh, how his eyes twinkled! There were but five hundred songs in the book! He had fooled us completely, and how we laughed! It was all the funnier coming from him whom we had never known to joke.

My! Such a big family of nieces and nephews as I'm getting! Am beginning to feel like the "Old Woman Who Lived in a Shoe." Only I know exactly what to do with you—I'm going to keep you so busy helping me make our corner the best ever that you won't sigh because of wanting to "kill time." Those "pied" words in the spelling story are being arranged correctly by many an industrious little niece, and I'm proud of the nice copies already sent in and more coming every day.

Next Saturday will print the corrected story and the prize winners, but boys! Where do you come in? Can't you spell? Are you going to let the girls walk away with this corner? Aren't you playing basketball or soccer any more? Haven't you a dog that is just a little smarter *that the* other fellow's? Humane Week is coming. I want dog stories and tales of other pets, horses, kittens, parrots, birds. Let's have some good stories.

Right here comes Susan Aikins' letter about the concert. Those Commodore Sloat pupils stand a good chance of becoming fine musicians. Glad to hear from you, Susan. Come again.

Dear Auntie Ruth:: On March 21st a young people's concert was held at the Civic Auditorium. This is the last of a three concerts, which are under the direction of Miss Jessica Colbert and Herbert Salinger.

At the first concert Paul Althouse, a famous tenor, was the soloist. The soloist at the second concert was Myra Hess, an equally famous pianist, and on Tuesday, March 21st, Florence Macbeth, a member of the Chicago opera company, sang some selections which show off the voice of a coloratura soprano. Some of the selections were "La Coq d'Or," by Rinsky-Korshow, and Charmant Oiseau from "The Pearl of Brazil."

Mr. Hertz and his orchestra rendered a delightful program, among which were Beethoven's Menuet in G, Laidlow's "Music Box" and the Military March of Schubert.

"The Star-Spangled Banner concluded the program, and we all hope, I am sure, that there will be more of these delightful concerts in the future.

Well, good-bye, Auntie Ruth, for the present. SUSAN AIKINS,
Commodore Sloat School.

PINNY-PEG BAINES.

(By Auntie Ruth.)

That wasn't her real name, of course. In the big Family Bible was carefully inscribed, "Marjory Earnestine Baines"; but everybody seemed to have forgotten all about that because of her nickname.

Peggy was an outdoors girl—a "regular tomboy," sighed her mother, who had a hard time keeping her in the house long enough to learn a few ladylike accomplishments, such as sewing and cooking. On rainy days the little girl didn't mind helping Huldah in the kitchen, and she rather liked to slip on her pretty gold thimble and watch the shining little needle frisk in and out among the wobbly stitches.

But not for long. Oh, no! There was sure to be somebody hoo-hooing or whistling at the gate soon, and then down went the sewing and away flew Marjory. Anyway, why sew when pins were so handy and so much less trouble? Did a button come off? Jab! would go a pin, even through the leather of her Mary Jane slipper, and Pinny-Peg was up and away. She mended runs in her stockings, rents in her aprons and also in her best dresses, rips in her gloves and even holes in her hankies that way, though the latter scheme was strictly forbidden by "Teacher" since the day Kittie Lane, Peggy's chum, had nose bleed in school and in her haste picked up the wrong hanky.

Really, it was amazing how many pins that child could secret about her person. You know little girls like to walk with their arms around each other; but they soon learned to be wary of Pinny-Peg. "Ouch! There! look at my arm!" was sure to be heard if one tried to be chummy with her.

Her mother trid every way to cure her little daughter of this untidy habit, but she seemed rather to grow worse.

"Never mind, mother. Don't worry," said Father Baines. "Something dreadful is going to happen some day that will cure the young lady in a hurry. Mark my words!" That made Peggy a trifle uneasy. Daddy's predictions had an uncanny habit of coming true, so she added an extra pin to the tassel on her tam as she ran to join the "bunch" at the gate.

It was Promotion Day. Every sixth grader knows what a seriously exciting time that is. It is a full-dress occasion, calling for new frocks, huge, crisp hair bows and company manners; but that strained look is not caused altogether by pinchy slippers or stiff, white collars. The one big question of the term is about to be answered: "Will I pass?"

Peggy didn't worry. Hadn't she always stood at the head? Morover, hadn't she just overheard her class teacher tell the principal, "Marjory Baines has won again!" Kittie Lane and Dot Marlin had heard, too, and unselfishly—but cautiously—patted her on the back, then promptly wirelessed the great news to the whole room.

Honor girl again! Peggy glowed. That meant being presented with a pretty speech and a star! Before the whole room. She threw a glance of haughty triumph at Dick Dover, the new boy. She had been afraid of him.

"Marjory Baines!" said her teacher, impressively. With head proudly lifted, eyes disdainful of the crestfallen boy across the aisle, Peggy rose, but she hardly heard the little complimentary speech. She'd listened to that twice before, but this was the first time she had worn her new pink organdy to school. She fluffed out the ruffles and felt slyly to make sure certain portions of her attire were intact. That lump in her slipper hurt some.

"And now, Marjory, if you will come to the desk, I will be happy to present you with this gold star and—"

Flashing the surly Dick another glance, Peggy started forward in triumph, when— Oh, dear! I dread to tell it, but that naughty, disappointed Richard stuck out his foot, ever so little. Peggy stumbled over it, caught her pink ruffles on a broken seat, stubbed her toe, caught her sleeve on a ruler which stuck out where it shouldn't, and kept going from bad to worse until she would have plunged headlong at her teacher's feet had not that agile young lady caught her.

It was all over in a breath, but oh! what a sight was Peggy! A wave of fascinated horror swept the room. The big, pink hair bow had vanished, something white trailed on the floor from under the organdy ruffles, one sleeve hung by a thread, and—I blush to repeat it—one bare foot stood shamefully revealed. One awful instant, then, with a shriek, Peggy fled.

It hardly seems possible so many things could happen to a girl as had while Peggy was plunging down that aisle. Like the famous "One Hoss Shay," she had gone all to pieces at once. Loyal Kittie and Dot rescued the ribbon from a vase of flowers on Teacher's desk, where it perched like a huge pink butterfly, the sash was hauled out of the waste basket where it appeared to be trying to hide its blushes, and the pink stocking pulled down from the fern basket.

When the sad story had been sobbed out upon her mother's shoulder, that good lady hardly knew whether to weep or to rejoice.

"It—it was that old pin in my slipper. It caught—"

"In your slipper! You don't mean to say!"—

"It was such a weentsy hole—and Kittie was waiting. It caught in my slipper lining—and pulled the whole thing—right off. Boo-hoo! Flew clear over my head! Oh!, mother, I

(Continued on page 8.)

ORDINANCE NO. 115.

An Ordinance Calling a Special Election in the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, for the Purpose of Submitting and Submitting to the Qualified Electors of the City of South San Francisco, a Municipal Corporation, a Proposition to Incur a Bonded Indebtedness Thereof to Pay the Cost of Certain Public Municipal Improvements, the Cost of Which Said Municipal Improvements Will Be Too Great to Be Paid Out of the Ordinary Annual Income and Revenue of Said City of South San Francisco, and Will, in Addition to the Other Expenditures of Said City of South San Francisco, Exceed the Income and Revenue Provided for in Any One Year, and Fixing Monday, the 10th Day of April, 1922, as the Date Upon Which Said Election Shall Be Held; the Manner of Holding Said Election and Voting for or Against Incurring Such Indebtedness; Also Declaring the Estimated Cost of Said Proposed Public Improvements, the Amount of the Principal of the Indebtedness to Be Incurred Therefor and the Rate of Interest to Be Paid Thereon.

The Said Proposition to Be Submitted, and So Submitted to the Qualified Electors of Said City of South San Francisco, Being the Incurring of a Bonded Indebtedness of $46,000.00 for the Acquisition, Construction and Completion by the City of South San Francisco, a Municipal Corporation, of a System of Sewers in San Bruno Road From Chapman Avenue to the North Boundary Line of Said City and in Butler Road, Including an Outfall Sewer and the Acquisition of the Necessary Rights of Way for Said Outfall Sewer.

Whereas the City of South San Francisco is a municipal corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of California, and the legislative branch of said City of South San Francisco is designated as the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco and consists of five members, and the President of said Board of Trustees is the chief executive of said municipality; and

Whereas the legislative branch of said City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, to-wit: The Board of Trustees of said City of South San Francisco did, on the 27th day of February, 1922, by an affirmative vote of more than two-thirds of its members to-wit: The five members of said Legislative Branch, determine in due and proper form by resolution that public interest and necessity demand the acquisition, construction and completion of certain municipal improvements in and for said City of South San Francisco, to-wit: The acquisition, construction and completion of a system of sewers in San Bruno Road from Chapman Avenue to the north boundary line of said City and in Butler Road, including an outfall sewer, and the acquisition of the necessary rights of way for said outfall sewer; that the cost of said municipal improvements will be too great to be paid out of the ordinary annual income and revenue of said City of South San Francisco, and will, in addition to the other expenditures of said City of South San Francisco exceed the income and revenue provided for any one year; and

Whereas the executive, the President of the Board of Trustees of the said City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, did on the 27th day of February, 1922, duly and regularly approve such action of said Legislative Branch; and

Whereas the total assessed value of all the real and personal property within said City of South San Francisco is the sum of $3,664,960.00; and

Whereas the total indebtedness hitherto incurred for public improvements by said City of South San Francisco is $191,000.00 and of said last mentioned amount the sum of $166,400.00 remains unpaid; and

Whereas the present indebtedness already incurred for improvements by said City of South San Francisco, together with the indebtedness herein proposed to be incurred for said municipal improvements, will not in the aggregate exceed Fifteen (15) per cent of the assessed value of all the real and personal property of said City of South San Francisco;

Now, therefore, the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco do ordain as follows:

Section 1. A special election is hereby called and shall be held in the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, on Monday the 10th day of April, 1922, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of said City of South San Francisco, the proposition to incur a bonded indebtedness of $46,000.00 in Gold Coin of the United States of America, for the purpose of the acquisition, construction and completion by said City of South San Francisco, a municipal corporation, of a system of sewers for said City in San Bruno Road from Chapman Avenue to the north boundary line of said City and in Butler Road, including an outfall sewer, and the acquisition of the necessary rights of way for said outfall sewer.

And the last mentioned date, to-wit, the 10th day of April, 1922, is hereby fixed as the date for holding said special election and notice of said election is hereby given and the said proposition to incur said bonded indebtedness by said City of South San Francisco is hereby submitted to the qualified voters of said City of South San Francisco for their determination at said election.

Section 2. The object and purpose for which said bonded indebtedness of $46,000.00 is proposed to be incurred and bonds issued is the acquistion, construction and completion of a system of sewers for said City in San Bruno Road from Chapman Avenue to the north boundary line of said City and in Butler Road, including an outfall sewer, and the acquisition of the necessary rights of way for said outfall sewer.

Section 3. The estimated cost of said municipal improvements in $46,000.00 and the amount of the principal of the indebtedness to be incurred therefor is $46,000.00.

Section 4. If at said special election two-thirds of all the voters voting at such special election shall vote in favor of incurring a bonded indebtedness of $46,000.00, as in this ordinance provided, said bonds shall be authorized to be issued and shall be issued to the amount of $46,000.00, for the purpose aforesaid payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America;

Said bonds shall be negotiable in form and shall be of the character known as serials and shall bear the rate of interest and shall be paid as hereinafter provided.

The bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to said election shall bear interest from their date until paid at the rate of Five (5), per cent per annum payable semi-annually, and the principal and interest of said bonds shall be payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America in the manner following, that is to say: One-tenth (1/10) part of the whole amount of the principal of said indebtedness created under the provisions of this ordinance shall be paid each and every year at the City Treasury of said City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, on a day and date to be hereafter fixed by the Legislative Branch of said municipality, together with the interest on all sums unpaid at such date; provided that the interest on said bonds shall be paid semi-annually so that there shall be a payment of interest on all sums then unpaid in each and every half-year, one of such semi-annual payments in each year being on the day and date of the payment of the annual installment of the principal of such indtebtedness as aforesaid; and

Provided further that said interest shall be evidenced by the proper coupons attached to said bonds, a separate coupon being attached to each bond for each semi-annual payment of the interest to become due on such bond; and

That the total indebtedness authorized to be created at said election shall be represented by bonds payable in the manner aforesaid, and that said bonds shall be issued in such denominations as the legislative branch of said City of South San Francisco may determine, except that no bonds shall be of a less denomination than One Hundred Dollars nor of a greater denomination than One Thousand Dollars and that said bonds shall be known as Municipal Improvement Bonds, Series 1922.

Section 5. It is further ordained that the manner of holding said special election and of voting thereat for and against said proposition of incurring said indebtedness shall be as provided in this ordinance and that, in all particulars not recited herein, such special election shall be held as provided for by law for holding municipal elections in said City of South San Francisco, and that in all particulars not recited herein and not provided for by law for holding municipal elections, the general election laws of the State of California, so far as the same may be applicable shall apply.

That for the purpose of said special election said City of South San Francisco has been and now is divided into two election precincts respectively to be known as "South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 1" and "South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 2".

South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 1 shall contain all that territory of said city included within the following described boundaries, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the easterly line of the main county road leading from San Francisco to San Jose, where the southeasterly line of the 90.11 acre tract of land, formerly the land of Tomaso Cresta, intersects said road and running thence northeasterly along the southeasterly line of said Tomaso Cresta 90.11 acre tract to the southwesterly line of the lands of the Crocker estate; running thence southeasterly along the southwesterly line of the lands of the Crocker estate to the northwesterly corner of the 440.91 acre tract of the lands of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company; running thence easterly and northeasterly along the northerly boundary line of the said 440.91 acre tract of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company to the point where said last mentioned boundary line is intersected by the center line of Maple Avenue, produced northerly, in the City of South San Francisco; thence southerly on and along the said center line of Maple Avenue, produced, southerly, to the intersection thereof with the northerly line of the Fifth Addition to San Bruno Park; thence southwesterly along the northwesterly line of the Fifth Addition to San Bruno Park and the southerly line of the lands of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company to the westerly side of the Southern Pacific Railroad; thence northwesterly along the said westerly side of the Southern Pacific Railroad to the northeasterly corner of the lands of the New California Jockey Club, known as "Tanforan Park"; thence southwesterly along the northwesterly line of said Tanforan Park to the easterly line of the main county road leading from San Francisco to San Jose; thence northwesterly along the easterly line of said main county road one mile; thence crossing said road to its westerly line and running northwesterly along its westerly line to a point where the southerly line of the 90..11 acre tract, formerly the land of Tomaso Cresta, if extended southwesterly across said road, would intersect the same; thence northeasterly crossing said road to the point of beginning.

South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 2 shall contain all that territory of said city included within the following described boundaries, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northerly boundary line of the 440.91 acre tract of land of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company where the center line of Maple Avenue, produced northerly, in the City of South San Francisco intersects the same, and running thence along the northerly boundary line of Peck's Subdivision of South San Francisco to the easterly line of San Bruno Road; running thence northeasterly along the easterly line of San Bruno Road to the northwesterly corner of Lot number 18 of Section 15, Township 3 South, Range 5 West; running thence due east along the northerly line of Lots numbers 17 and 18 of said Section 15 and along the northerly line of Lots numbers 24, 23 and 22 of Section 14, and to the center of Section 14, Township 3 South, Range 5 West; thence due east to the line separating the counties of Alameda and San Mateo; thence running southerly along said line separating the counties of Alameda and San Mateo to a point due east of the extension of the northerly boundary line of Section 36, Township 3 South, Range 5 West; running thence due west to the northeasterly corner of the Water Front and the Tide Land Company's 80 acre tract of said Section 36; running thence due west along the north section lines of Sections 36, 35, 34 and 33 of said Township 3 South, Range 5 West, to the easterly line of San Bruno Road; thence northerly along the easterly line of the San Bruno Road 38 chains more or less, to a point where the northerly line of the Fifth Addition to San Bruno Park, if extended northeasterly would intersect the said easterly line of the said San Bruno Road; thence southwesterly along the northwesterly line of the Fifth Addition of San Bruno Park, and the southerly line of the lands of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company to the center line of Maple Avenue, produced southerly; thence northerly along said center line of said Maple Avenue, produced southerly and northerly as aforesaid, to the point of beginning.

That said election shall be conducted by boards of election consisting of one (1) Inspector, two (2) Judges and two (2) Clerks for each precinct whose duties and powers shall be and are the same as those of boards of election and of such election officers, respectively under the law governing municipal elections of said City of South San Francisco, and in particulars not covered by such law, then under the general election laws of the State of California. If any of the members of said Boards of Election hereinafter named fail to attend at the opening of the polls on the morning of such election, the qualified electors of that precinct present at that hour, including members of the board, may supply the place of any such absent member by appointment, as provided by said general election laws.

At said special election, the polls shall be open at six o'clock of the morning of such election and shall be kept open until seven o'clock in the afternoon of the same day when the said polls shall be closed.

In said South San Francisco municipal election precincts the polls shall be held at the places and the election conducted as aforesaid by said Inspectors, Judges and Clerks, respectively, hereinafter named as follows, to-wit: In South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 1 the polls shall be held in the basement of the City Hall in said City, and the Inspector shall be W. W. Brawn; the Judges shall be John Howard and Mrs. D. Mullen; the Clerks shall be E. H. Molony and Mrs. Lizzie Stahl.

In South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 2 the polls shall be held in the court room of the Justice of the Peace in Metropolitan Hotel Building, which hotel building is situated at the southeast corner of Linden Avenue and Grand Avenue in said City, and the Inspector shall be Hugh McCaffrey; the Judges shall be Mrs. Grace Ely and Mrs. Rebecca Kay; the Clerks shall be Mrs. May Robbins and Mrs. Viola R. Wood.

And said polling places above designated have been found and are hereby determined to be suitable and proper places for holding such special election, and said several persons above designated as members of the respective Boards of Election have been found and are hereby determined to be qualified for said respective positions on said Boards of Election as required by law and they shall and will be and are hereby appointed as such officers to conduct such and said election and constitute said Boards of Election, and said Boards of Election and said officers shall conduct and are hereby directed to conduct said election as by law and this ordinance provided and to canvass the votes given and cast at said special election and to make and deliver returns thereof in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance and of law and the said Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco shall meet and canvass said returns when received and declare the result of said special election in the manner provided for by law.

Section 6. A sufficient number of ballots shall be and is hereby directed to be prepared and caused to be printed for said precincts as provided for by law and upon the proper kind of paper, to-wit:

The same as used at general elections in the State of California, by the Clerk of the City of South San Francisco and be furnished and provided for the use of the voters at said special election at the expense of the City of South San Francisco and to have the following matter printed thereon in addition to such other matter as may be required by law, to-wit:

"A special election submitting to the qualified voters of the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California, the following proposition, to-wit:

Proposition.

The proposition to incur a bonded indebtedness of $46,000.00 in Gold Coin of the United States of America for the object and purpose of acquiring, constructing and completing by the City of South San Francisco, a municipal corporation, a system of sewers for said city in San Bruno Road from Chapman Avenue to the north boundary line of said city and in Butler Road, including an outfall sewer and the acquisition of the necessary rights of way for said outfall sewer.

For said proposition to incur a bonded indebtedness of $46,000.000 for the purpose of acquiring constructing and completing a system of sewers for said city in San Bruno Road from Chapman Avenue to the north boundary line of said city and in Butler Road, including an outfall sewer and the acquisition of the necessary rights of way for said outfall sewer.	Yes.	
	No.	

Any voter who desires to vote in favor of said proposition and to accept such proposition may do so by stamping a cross (X) in the voting square on the right hand margin of his ballot, after and opposite the word "Yes," and after such ballot shall be so stamped and deposited in the ballot box it shall be counted as provided by law as a vote in favor of such proposition and accepting the same.

Any voter who desires to vote against said proposition and to reject such proposition may do so by stamping a cross (X) in the voting square on the right hand margin of the ballot and opposite the word "No"; and after such ballot shall be so stamped and deposited in the ballot box, it shall be canvassed and counted as provided by law as a vote against such proposition and rejecting the same.

Section 7. The manner of voting for or against the proposition of incurring said indebtedness shall be as follows, to-wit:

Any voter who desires to vote for and in favor of said proposition to incur said indebtedness as aforesaid and to accept such proposition to incur said indebtedness as aforesaid and to accept such proposition may do so at said special election as stated in said form of ticket by stamping a cross (X) in the voting square in the right hand margin of a ballot, received from one of the aforesaid Boards of Election, after and opposite the word "Yes'," and after said ballot shall have been so stamped and deposited in the ballot box, it shall be canvassed and counted as required by law as a vote in favor of such proposition and accepting the same.

And any voter who desires to vote against said proposition to incur said indebtedness as aforesaid, and to reject such proposition, may do so at said special election, as stated in said form of ticket, by stamping a cross (X) in the voting square in the right hand margin of his ballot, received from one of the aforesaid Boards of Election, after and opposite the word "No", and after said ballot shall be so stamped and deposited in the ballot box, it shall be canvassed and counted as provided for by law as a vote against such proposition, and rejecting the same.

Such marking or stamping of said cross (X) on said ballot shall be done only with the stamp, which, with necessary pads and ink, shall be provided for each booth in said two designated polling places.

Section 8. All persons qualified, at the time of holding said election, to vote at municipal elections in and for the City of South San Francisco, or entitled by law governing such special election, shall be qualified to vote at such special election.

Section 9. This ordinance shall be published once a week for two (2) weeks in "The Enterprise", a newspaper of general circulation, printed and published and circulated one day a week in said City of South San Francisco. No other notice of such election need be given.

Section 10. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Section 11. This ordinance shall take effect and shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and approval.

Introduced this 13th day of March, 1922.

Passed and adopted as an ordinance of the City of South San Francisco at a regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco this 20th day of March, 1922, by the following vote:

Ayes, Trustees F. A. Cunningham, A. J. Eschelbach, L. G. Hardy, Jr., H. Scampini and G. W. Holston.
Noes, Trustees none.
Absent, Trustees none.

G. W. HOLSTON,
President of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco.

Attest:
DANIEL McSWEENEY,
Clerk of the City of South San Francisco.

I hereby approve the foregoing ordinance this 20th day of March, 1922.
G. W. HOLSTON,
President of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco.
3-23-3t

ORDINANCE NO. 114.

An Ordinance Providing for Submitting to the Qualified Electors of the City of South San Francisco, at the General Election to Be Held in Said City on the 10th Day of April, 1922, the Question or Proposition of the Levy of a Tax for Grading the Civic Center Site in Said City.

The Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco do ordain as follows:

Section 1. It is hereby determined that public interest demands that the Civic Center Site of said City be improved by grading the same; it is further hereby determined that the cost of grading said Civic Center Site will be too great to be paid out of the revenues of said City of South San Francisco to be received during the fiscal years commencing on the 1st day of July, 1922, and ending on the 30th day of June, 1924, during which fiscal years it is proposed to grade said Civic Center Site.

Section 2. That the nature of the proposed improvement, for the cost of which it is proposed that a special tax shall be levied, is the grading of the Civic Center Site in said City of South San Francisco, and the estimated cost of said proposed improvement is Fourteen Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($14,500.00).

Section 3. That the total amount of money to be raised for said improvement is Fourteen Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($14,500.00).

Section 4. That the annual rate of taxation to be levied for the purposes of raising said sum of Fourteen Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($14,500.00) is Twenty (20) cents on each One Hundred Dollars ($100.00).

Section 5. That it is proposed to levy said special tax in the amount of Twenty (20) cents on each One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) of the property assessed for the purposes of taxation within said City of South San Francisco for a period of years no longer than shall be sufficient to raise said sum of Fourteen Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($14,500.00), and said period of years is hereby estimated to be Two (2).

Section 6. There is hereby submitted to the qualified electors of the City of South San Francisco, at the general election to be held in said city on the 10th day of April, 1922, the question or proposition of levying a special tax in the amount of Twenty (20) cents on each One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) of the property assessed for the purposes of taxation within said City to raise the sum of Fourteen Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($14,500.00) to be expended for improving the Civic Center Site in said City of South San Francisco by grading said Civic Center Site and of authorizing the Board of Trustees of said City of South San Francisco to levy such special tax at the time fixed by law for levying taxes within said municipality.

Section 7. There shall be placed upon the ballots used at the general election to be held in said City of South San Francisco on the 10th day of April, 1922, the following proposition:

Proposition.

The proposition to levy a special tax of Twenty (20) cents on each One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) of the property assessed for the purposes of taxation with said municipality for the purpose of raising the sum of Fourteen Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($14,500.00) to be expended for grading the Civic Center Site in said city.

For said propostion to levy a special tax of Twenty (20) cents on each One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) of the property assessed for the purposes of taxation within said municipality for the purpose of raising the sum of Fourteen Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($14,500.00) to be expended for grading the Civic Center Site in said City.	Yes.	
	No.	

Section 8. If, at said general municipal election, Two-thirds (⅔) of the votes cast upon said proposition of levying such special tax shall be in favor of the levy thereof, the Board of Trustees of said City of South San Francisco, at the time fixed by law for levying taxes within said municipality, shall include the special tax provided for in this ordinance for a period of years sufficient to raise said sum of Fourteen Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($14,500.00).

Section 9. This ordinance shall be published by Two (2) insertions in "The Enterprise," a newspaper of general circulation printed and published and circulated one day a week in said City of South San Francisco, and shall take effect and be in full force from and after the date of its passage and approval.

Introduced this 13th day of March, 1922.

Passed and adopted as an ordinance of the City of South San Francisco at a regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco this 20th day of March, 1922, by the following vote:

Ayes, Trustees F. A. Cunningham, A. J. Eschelbach, L. G. Hardy, Jr., H. Scampini and G. W. Holston.
Noes, Trustees none.
Absent, Trustees none.
Attest:
DANIEL McSWEENEY,
City Clerk.

I hereby approve the foregoing Ordinance this 20th day of March, 1922.
G. W. HOLSTON,
President of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco.
3-23-2t

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that a general municipal election will be held in the City of South San Francisco on Monday, the 10th day of April, 1922, for the following offices:

Two members of the Board of Trustees.

The following proposition will be submitted at said election:

Proposition.

The proposition to levy a special tax of Twenty (20) cents on each One Hundred Dollars of the property assessed for the purposes of taxation within said municipality for the purpose of raising the sum of Fourteen Thousand Five Hundred Dollars ($14,500.00) to be expended for grading the Civic Center Site in said city.

There will be two municipal voting precincts for the purpose of holding said election, consisting of a consolidation of the regular election precincts established for holding state and county elections and designated as South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 1 and South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 2, respectively, which precincts are hereby described as follows:

South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 1 shall include all the territory described in South San Francisco Precinct No. 1, South San Francisco Precinct No. 2 and South San Francisco Precinct No. 4, as established by the ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California, hereinafter referred to. The polling place for South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 1 shall be in the basement of the City Hall. In South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 1 the names of the election officers are as follows: Inspector, Delia W. Scott; Judges, Mrs. Anna Woodman and Mrs. Emma Daneri; Clerks, Mrs. Mary Di Vita and Mrs. Lucetta Hardy.

South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 2 shall include all the territory described in South San Francisco Precinct No. 3, South San Francisco Precinct No. 5, South San Francisco Precinct No. 6 and South San Francisco Precinct No. 7, as established by the ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California, hereinafter referred to. The polling place in said South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 2 shall be in the court room of the Justice of the Peace in the Metropolitan Hotel Building, which said Hotel Building is situated at the corner of Grand Avenue and Linden Avenue in said City. In South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 2 the names of the election officers are as follows: Inspector, Charles Mercks; Judges, William Rehberg and M. Foley; Clerks, R. Harder and H. F. McNellis.

The ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo hereinbefore referred to is entitled as follows:

Ordinance No. 316 of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California, dividing said county into election precincts and establishing the boundaries thereof, passed and adopted by said Board of Supervisors on the 21st day of November, 1921.

The polls will be open between the hours of six o'clock a. m. and seven o'clock p. m.

Dated March 14, 1922.
DANIEL McSWEENEY,
City Clerk.
3-23-3t

NOTICE OF ELECTION
FOR
TRUSTEE OF ELEMENTARY AND HIGH SCHOOL.

Notice is hereby given to the electors of the South San Francisco School District, County of San Mateo, State of California, that the Annual Meeting for the election of School Trustee will be held on March 31, 1922 (last Friday), at the Central Grammar Schoolhouse in said district.

There will be one Trustee to elect for three years.

The polls wil be open at 8 o'clock a. m. and kept open until 6 o'clock p. m.

The officers appointed to conduct the election are:

Miss B. E. Michaels, Inspector; L. E. Adams, Judge; A. E. Kleemeyer, Judge.

W. H. DINNING,
C. C. CONRAD,
H. E. CAVASSA,
School Trustees.

Dated March 1, 1922. 3-16-3t

A LECTURE
ON
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

ENTITLED

Christian Science, The Science of the Christ which includes all True Science, Theology and Medicine.

BY

John W. Doorly, C.S.B.

Member of the Board of Lectureship of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass.

John W. Doorly, C.S.B., of Boston, Mass., delivered a lecture at the high school auditorium Tuesday evening, Mrs. Mary Randall Clifford, introducing the lecturer, said in part:

Friends: We are glad to welcome you to a lecture on Christian Science. To some of you it may be a new subject, or the lecture may correct some ideas you have as to what it is. To others, the lecture may bring healing as in the days of Jesus, who taught us to heal by the Truth which casts out all error. To many here no doubt Christian Science is Christianity of every day application to the various needs of their every day life. They take it into their homes, their store, office, school or shop and find that no need is too great—or too insignificant—for it to bring direct help in solving their problem. It teaches them to think right and so to live right, for "as a man thinketh in his heart, so is he."

For three hundred years after the crucifixion of Jesus, his followers lived the Truth He taught: that there is but one God, one Mind, one Power; that all life and causation is mental; that the "image and likeness of God" is Spirit, thought; that the body is not that which was given dominion, but that over which dominion was given.

Gradually, this Truth was lost, and the world was steeped in materialism until about fifty years ago, when Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy rediscovered this teaching in the recorded words of Jesus, and proved her discovery to be true, by bringing forth evidences of its healing power.

In order to safeguard this Truth from ever again being lost to the world, Mrs. Eddy hedged it about by certain restrictions as to who should teach it. Among other things, she established The Board of Lectureship of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts, the members of which are particularly qualified to explain Christian Science.

Popular Views of Science, Theology and Medicine

Should humanity pause in its headlong course of materialism long enough to consider, calmly and dispassionately, where this course is leading it to, it would certainly be astounded and perhaps horrified to find how great a part material theories play in human calculations and conditions, and how small a recognition or acceptance is given to spiritual facts. Our world of today accepts as science that which deals wholly with material things, and whatever thought enters into its so-called scientific calculations, is always mortal or material. This world likewise accepts a theology which is supposed to be quite apart from science, and indeed until recently it was considered little less than blasphemous to couple theology and science. It may well be asked: If science is not akin to Christianity or Christliness is it of any value to humanity and indeed is it not anti-Christian unless based on spiritual facts? Also if theology is not related to science can it possibly be true, for to be true it must be scientific, since the word science means only exact knowledge? These material views of science and theology have naturally evolved a healing system which is based wholly on material theories and which its own advocates would hardly claim to be an exact science. Indeed many of its most ardent adherents have themselves frequently denied that the material drugging system is in any way an exact science.

The conscientious mortal then must face the fact that he is today basing his existence, his salvation and his happiness on three things; first on a science which only pertains to material conditions and never to spiritual facts, second on a theology which does not claim to be scientific or exact, and third on a healing system which is neither spiritual nor truly scientific. What a picture of materialism this is for humanity to face after thousands of years of human effort! It is true that many of the thinking people of today are deeply troubled at the evidence that theology, or our systems of salvation, seems to save from so little, and that the material healing systems have to stand helplessly by whilst men and women are devastated by epidemics and by a host of so-called incurable diseases. Also that the efforts of material science have in many cases been utilized not for the benefit of men, but for the destruction of men through the most horrible methods of warfare. Is humanity never to stop and consider these indisputable facts seriously? Shall men forever persist in their course of materialism, remaining content to believe that these things must be so and that there is no permanent and fundamental remedy for human woes?

Science, Theology and Medicine as Understood in Christian Science

Christian Science, on the other hand, teaches that there is an exact Science which is true to Christ and Christianity, that there is a theology which is wholly scientific or true, and that there is a divine healing method which is both Christlike and scientific. These three, this Science, this theology and this healing method, Christian Science declares to be eternal, ever-present, demonstrable facts of being, for they are the Science of Life, the theology of Spirit, and the healing method of Truth. Christian Science teaches that these are the divine systems which Jesus lived and labored to reveal to mankind. In fact these are the systems which all reformers have perceived dimly and have labored to reveal to men. Christian Science utterly refutes the suggestion that reformers such as Abraham or Moses, Luther or Wesley were striving to bring to humanity some indefinite and impracticable idealism. It declares without hesitation that they perceived and understood to some extent the only real Science, the absolute Science of spiritual being, which explains God's true nature and the relationship of true being to God, the only true theology, the exact, scientific, saving and redeeming effect of Truth upon human thought, and the only true healing method, the infinite ability of spiritual understanding or of spiritual thinking to deliver from the diseases of mortal thought and experience. Christian Science teaches that these are also the divine systems which are revealed and outlined throughout the Scriptures, and that the Bible is no fairy story, but is, when its teachings are properly understood, the book of absolute Science, of pure theology and of scientific healing. Christ Jesus the Saviour of men foresaw and foretold that these three systems revealing the eternal facts of being should some day appear to humanity in all their certainty and science. This appearing he foretold as the coming of "the Spirit of truth," (John 16, 13) and Christian Scientists know that today there has been revealed to humanity that for which men have prayed and suffered, that for which they have lived and died and for which they have been willing to sacrific all. This blessed thing is the absolute Truth, about God and about existence, which expresses itself through divine Science, and which Mary Baker Eddy has discovered in this age and founded.

Truly has Whittier written:

"Oh, sometimes gleams upon our sight,
Thro' present wrong, th' eternal Right;
And step by step, since time began,
We see the steady gain of man.

"That all of good the past hath had
Remains to make our own time glad,
Our common, daily life divine,
And ev'ry land a Palestine.

"Thro' the harsh noises of our day,
A low sweet prelude finds its way;
Thro' clouds of doubt, and creeds of fear,
A light is breaking calm and clear.

"Henceforth my heart shall sigh no more
For olden time and holier shore:
God's love and blessing, then and there,
Are now and here and ev'rywhere."
(Christian Science Hymnal, p. 18.)

God and His Creation as Understood in Christian Science.

Let me then invite you to consider this Science of the Christ which embodies, and is based wholly on the idealism of Christ Jesus. As Christian Science pertains wholly to God and to His creation or to true being, it is of course necessary for us to consider what God is before we can proceed.

Christian Science declares that God is an ever-present divine reality, who is ever available to His own creation, and is infinitely knowable. His presence and power, Christian Science teaches, are essential to every right activity and consequently to all health, holiness or happiness, and to all true existence. God, Christian Science also teaches, has nothing in common with materiality, but He and His creation exist independent of suppositional matter and its so-called laws. In fact Christian Science teaches that God is the source and cause of all that is true and, therefore, of true existence.

The Scriptures use several terms for God which all Christians have accepted but which few Christians have understood practically and intelligently. Mrs. Eddy has applied these same terms to God, but she has logically accepted the conclusions about God which these terms indicate. For instance, the Scriptures teach that God is Love, but they also teach that God is Spirit, consequently Mrs. Eddy has concluded that Love is Spirit and therefore that Love is not to be found in material conditions. Also the Scriptures declare that Spirit or God is infinite and Christian Science likewise logically concludes that matter, or material existence, is not the truth of being. In the same way the Scriptures teach that God is the only cause and creator and Christian Science therefore accepts the fact that the only real or true existence there is or can be, must be the emanation or expression of this one and only cause, God. As God is immutable and is without shadow of turning, His creation must be an emanation or expression of immutable Spirit and must consequently be wholly spiritual.

God as Divine Mind, and Creation, Spiritual or Mental

It is evident to any one who has studied the Scriptures closely that when Jesus declared God to be Spirit he was not declaring God to be some indefinite abstraction, but he was revealing and describing the most certain, the most available and the most stable entity that could possibly be imagined,—Mrs. Eddy has once and for all taken this word Spirit out of the realm of mysticism and superstition and placed it in the realm of reason and science by explaining that Spirit is really divine Mind, or is the infinite Intelligence which knows, and knows divinely or truly. It is certain that when Jesus used the term Spirit he meant divine Mind, for on one occasion he explained quite naturally to his listeners "the words that I speak unto you, they are spirit, . . ." (John 6, 63). In fact infinite Truth, which includes all divine mentality, is Spirit. Christian Science, therefore, teaches that God is divinie Mind or Spirit and that divine Mind is Love. As God is ever present and omnipotent, the divine Mind which is Love must therefore be the only Mind. Also divine Mind and its right mental activity must be omnipotent and irresistible.

Mrs. Eddy has summed up the essence of her teachings in a short statement which she calls the "scientific statement of being." This statement is given on page 468 of her text book, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," and is as follows: "There is no life, truth, intelligence, nor substance in matter. All is infinite Mind and its infinite manifestation, for God is All-in-all. Spirit is immortal Truth; matter is moral error. Spirit is the real and eternal; matter is the unreal and temporal. Spirit is God, and man is His image and likeness. Therefore man is not material; he is spiritual." As time goes on it will be found that in this statement lies the crux of all true Science, theology and medicine.

The Prayer of Christian Science

How, then, is the Science of Christ, or Christian Science, which includes in itself all true Science, theology, and medicine, going to reveal to men the truth of being which Science should reveal, the saving and redeeming theology which alone can deliver humanity from sin, and the healing grace which alone heals? One of the greatest aids to the understanding and demonstration of this Science of being, is prayer. What a wealth of deep and consecrated thought that word prayer stirs in us all. As long as the word prayer exists, human hope can never be entirely lost. Then is the Christian Scientist who depends so largely on prayer, not in accord with humanity's purest and highest desires? It is true that prayer has been so misunderstood and misused that much of its effulgence and true meaning has been lost, but even yet no word means more to poor sick and suffering humanity than does this word prayer. What then is the prayer of a Christian Scientist? It is not a spasmodic attempt to perform the impossible, that is to change or to influence the immutable, divine Mind, God, who is always Love. It is not an attempt to obtain from Deity something that we do not deserve in order that we may continue on our material course. Neither is it an attempt to deliver ourselves from sickness, from poverty, from worry, nor from any vicissitude of human experience simply in order that we may be free from pain and trouble.

The prayer of a Christian Scientist is his constant, conscious, unremitting mental desire to live above the mortal and in accord with the divine. It is his unceasing attempt to commune with the divine Mind, God, and so to utilize the true Science which reveals true existence, the true theology which inevitably delivers from sin, and the true healing power which always heals disease. The Christian Scientist's prayer is his persistent daily and hourly affirmation of divine Mind's infinite presence and power, and of evil's nothingness. It is his increasing knowledge of God and of absolute spiritual being, and before this the so-called carnal mind and its falsities of sense, material existence, sin, disease, and death grow fainter and finally disappear. This is the prayer of which Paul speaks as praying without ceasing. True prayer is one of the tenderest, most certain, most scientific and most intelligent things on earth or in heaven. The Christian Scientist's prayer is, in fact, his spiritual thinking and living, or his right mental activity. When a man thinks rightly he is expressing his true being as the likeness of God, divine Mind. Spiritual thinking is, therefore, really Immanuel, or God with us. Just as soon as a man recognizes that his constant right thinking and right living, or his right mental activity, that is his true consciousness, is indeed Immanuel, or divine Mind, God, with us, he at that moment begins to understand why true prayer is infallible and is infinite in its ability to reveal divine facts which save and heal. Thinking divinely, or having the mind of Christ, is attaining somewhat to man in God's image, the true and only man, the man God made, the man who is forever an expression or emanation of God, to whom belongs dominion over all material things.

The Purpose of True Prayer

It might be well to explain that Christian Scientists make much of the healing of disease for the same reason that Jesus did, and that is because the healing of disease through spiritual means is accepted as a clear and indisputable proof of Immanuel, or God with us. As a matter of fact, Christian Science teaches that what humanity really needs to be healed of primarily, is its faith in things material, or of its material thinking. Every sin, every disease, every sorrow, every material condition, every catastrophe, every phase of fleeting mortality, Christian Science declares to be but an effect of material thinking, or of the carnal mind, and Christian Science therefore proposes to heal the individual and the world of these things by first correcting their material thinking, or their false material theories, with the Mind of Christ, or with spiritual thinking. The real mission of Christian Science, therefore, is to destroy men's false faith in things material by demonstrating beyond a doubt the allness and supremacy of Spirit or of the divine Mind, which is God.

Mary Baker Eddy

One earnest, consecrated thinker, a loving, lovable woman, Mary Baker Eddy, has accomplished these things for humanity in her day. It is not possible for me to speak as I would desire of Mrs. Eddy and of all that I owe to her. If there is today anything that is good, that is pure, that is healthy, or that is God-like in my life, I owe it to the consecrated thought and life of Mary Baker Eddy, and millions are telling this same story. It is true that one only begins fully to appreciate Mrs Eddy and her lifework as he understands and demonstrates Christian Science, although a great multitude of men and women who are not Christian Scientists have also recognized Mrs. Eddy's great contribution to the salvation of humanity. Mrs. Eddy not only discovered Christian Science, but as the result of years of struggle and toil she founded it on a practicable, demonstrable basis. No forward step in this great Movement has ever been taken but as the result of her initiative and advice, and every step initiated by her was the result of deep and consecrated prayer. Christian Scientists regard Mrs. Eddy as God's messenger to his age. and they know that through her revelation many of them have been delivered from sin and disease, and even from death. Think what the world of ours will be like when more of us are enabled and emboldened to put away our material theories and dependencies and to rely wholly on the divine Mind, God, operating in human experience through spiritual thinking or through true prayer. Then will sin and sorrow vanish from men's thoughts, then will pain be stilled and the dread of disease be cast out, then will the lame man leap with joy and the leper be cleansed, then will war cease and the reign of divine Love be established. These very things are indeed being accomplished to some extent today, but the harvest is still great and the laborers few. We Christian Scientists, therefore, long for the time when our fellow men and women shall recognize the all-importance of spiritual things and come to work and to pray in this vineyard with us. Then will be fully established the reign of true Science, the Science of Christ, the true theology, the theology of divine Mind, God, and the true healing, the healing through the understanding of the complete spiritual facts of being. Then will all men gladly recognize that Mary Baker Eddy is indeed God's messenger.

In conclusion, let me draw your attention to the fact that Christian Science is not an easy path for the loose thinker, but is the way for the simple and consecrated as well as for the profound thinker. Such thinkers find peace and joy, health and life in divine facts, or in knowing God and true being, and it is through such thinking that the individual, as well as humanity as a whole, is going to be enabled to understand and prove that:—

"There's a wideness in God's mercy,
Like the wideness of the sea;
There's a kindness in His justice,
Which is more than liberty.

"For the love of God is broader
Than is seen by human mind,
And the heart of the Eternal
Is most wonderfully kind.

"If our love were but more simple,
We should take Him at His word;
And our lives would be all sunshine
In the sweetness of our Lord."
(Christian Science Hymnal, p. 236.)

Stories of Great Scouts

By Elmo Scott Watson

©, Western Newspaper Union.

HOW KIT CARSON FOUGHT A DUEL AND WON A WIFE

The Green River country in Wyoming was a famous rendezvous for trappers in the old days, and in 1835 many of them were gathered there. One was Captain Shunar, a French bully, who had aroused the anger of several of the American trappers by his offensive manner toward a young Arapaho girl in a camp nearby. The girl feared the Frenchman and appealed for protection to a young trapper named Kit Carson.

Learning of this Shunar, in an effort to bring about a quarrel with Carson, rode about the camp one day carrying a loaded rifle and declaring that all Americans were cowards, deserving only a whipping with a hickory switch. At last Carson faced the Frenchman.

"I am an American, and if you are determined to die, I am your man," he said. The Frenchman hesitated at this defiance.

Leaping to his horse, his pistol in hand, Carson demanded of Shunar: "Am I the man you are looking for?"

"No," replied Shunar, but he raised his arm to shoot.

The two men fired at the same time. The Frenchman's bullet grazed Carson's scalp and the powder burned his face. The American's shot shattered Shunar's forearm and he died from the effects of the wound soon afterwards.

Carson came to love the Indian girl he had befriended, and later they were married by the Indian ceremony. In 1838 she became his wife in a Christian marriage.

Kit Carson was one of the most romantic figures in frontier history. Born in Kentucky in 1809, he ran away from home and joined a caravan on the Santa Fe trail. From 1829 to 1843 he was a trapper and trader in the Rockies. Then he guided General Fremont to the Great Salt Lake and California, and was a scout for "The Pathfinder" in the Mexican war.

Carson was an Indian fighter, too. He defeated the Navajoes so disastrously that they never again seriously threatened the white man. He whipped the Kiowas and Comanches at the first great battle fought at the Adobe Walls. Then in his later years he became an Indian agent, and the red men who had once fought him learned to love him and to call him "Father Kit."

Finally the old scout settled down in his home in Taos, N. M. In 1868 he went to Fort Lyon, Colo., to visit his son. There he fell ill, and died May 23.

A Beautiful Thought.

The average man can't understand why it is that the "efficiency experts" haven't cornered all the visible supply of money.

No boy is natively bad, we have been assured, but it can't be denied that some of them have a positive genius for acquiring badness.

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SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I. — Captain Phineas P. Scraggs has grown up around the docks of San Francisco, and from mess boy on a river steamer, risen to the ownership of the steamer Maggie. Since each annual inspection promised to be the last of the old weatherbeaten vessel, Scraggs naturally has some difficulty in securing a crew. When the story opens, Adelbert P. Gibney, likable but erratic, a man whom nobody but Scraggs would hire, is the skipper, Neils Halvorsen, a solemn Swede, constitutes the fo'castle hands, and Bart McGuffey, a wastrel of the Gibney type, reigns in the engine room.

CHAPTER II.—With this motley crew and his ancient vessel, Captain Scraggs is engaged in freighting garden truck from Halfmoon bay to San Francisco. The inevitable happens, the Maggie going ashore in a fog.

(Continued from last week.)

CHAPTER III.

In the office of the Red Stack Tug Boat company Captain Dan Hicks, master of the tug Aphrodite; Captain Jack Flaherty, master of the Bodega, and Tiernan, the assistant superintendent on night watch, sat around a hot little box stove engaged in that occupation so dear to the maritime heart, to-wit: spinning yarns.

The telephone rang and Tiernan answered. Hicks and Flaherty hitched forward in their chairs to listen.

"Hello. . . . Yes, Red Stack office. . . . Steamer Yankee Prince. . . . What's that? . . . silk and rice? . . . Half a mile below the Cliff house, Eh? . . . Sure, I'll send a tug right away, Lindstrom."

Tiernan hung up and faced the two skippers. "Gentlemen," he announced, "here's a chance for a little salvage money tonight. The American steam-

"The American Steamer Yankee Prince Is Ashore Half a Mile Below the Cliff House."

er Yankee Prince is ashore half a mile below the Cliff house. She's a big tramp with a valuable cargo from Hong Kong, with the rudder gone and her crank shaft busted."

"It's high water at twelve thirty-seven," Jack Flaherty pleaded. "You'd better send me, Tiernan. The Bodega has more power than the Aphrodite."

This was the truth and Dan Hicks knew it, but he was not to be beaten out of his share of the salvage by such flimsy argument. "Jack," he pleaded, "don't be a hog all the time. The Yankee Prince is an eight thousand-ton vessel and it's a two-tug job. Better send us both, Tiernan, and play safe. Chances are our competitors have three tugs on the way right now."

"What a wonderful imagination you have, Dan. Eight thousand tons! You're crazy, man. She's thirteen hundred net register and I know it because I was in Newport News when they launched her, and I went out with her skipper on the trial trip. She's a long, narrow-gutted craft, with engines aft, like a lake steamer."

"We'll play safe," Tiernan decided. "Go to it—both of you, and may the best man win. She'll belong to you, Jack, if she's thirteen hundred net and you get your line aboard first. If she's as big as Dan says she is, you'll be equal partners—"

But he was talking to himself. Down the docks Hicks and Flaherty were racing for the respective commands, each shouting to his night watchman to pipe all hands on deck. Fortunately, a goodly head of steam was up in each tug's boilers; because of the fog and the liability to collisions and consequent hasty summons, one engineer on each tug was on duty. Out through the Gate they nosed their way, heaving the lead continuously, made a wide detour around Mile rock and the Seal rocks, swung a mile to the south of the position of the Maggie, and then came cautiously up the coast, whistling continuously to acquaint the Yankee Prince with their presence in the neighborhood. In anticipation of the necessity for replying to this welcome sound, Captain Scraggs and Mr. Gibney had, for the past two hours, busied themselves getting up another head of steam in the Maggie's boilers, repairing the whistle and splicing the wires of the engine room telegraph. Like the wise men they were, however, they declined to sound the Maggie's siren until the tugs were quite close. Even then, Mr. Gibney shuddered, but needs must when the devil drives, so he pulled the whistle cord and was rewarded with a weird, mournful grunt, dying away into a gasp.

"Sounds like she has the pip," Jack Flaherty remarked to his mate.

"Must have taken on some of that dirty Asiatic water," Dan Hicks soliloquized, "and now her tubes have gone to glory."

Immediately both tugs kicked ahead under a dead slow bell, guided by a series of toots as brief as Mr. Gibney could make them, and presently both tug lookouts reported breakers dead ahead.

Dan Hicks sent a man forward to heave the lead under the nose of the Aphrodite, which was edging in gingerly toward the voice. He had a searchlight, but he did not attempt to use it, knowing full well that in such a fog it would be of no avail. Guided, therefore, by the bellowings of Mr. Gibney, reinforced by the shrill yips of Captain Scraggs, the tug crept in closer and closer, and when it seemed that they must be within a hundred feet of the surf, Dan Hicks trained his Lyle gun in the direction of Mr. Gibney's voice and shot a heaving line into the fog.

Almost simultaneous with the report of the gun came a shriek of pain from Captain Scraggs. Straight and true the wet, heavy knotted end of the heaving line came in over the Maggie's quarter and struck him in the mouth. In the darkness he staggered back from the stinging blow, clutched wildly at the air, slipped and rolled over among the vegetables with the precious rope clasped to his breast.

"I got it," he sputtered, "I got it, Gib."

"Safe, O!" Mr. Gibney bawled. "Pay out your hawser."

They met it at the taffrail as it came up out of the breakers, wet but welcome. "Pass it around the mainmast, Scraggy," Mr. Gibney cautioned. "If we make fast to the towin' bits, the first jerk'll pull the anchor bolts up through the deck."

When the hawser had been made fast to the mainmast, the leathern lungs of Mr. Gibney made due announcement of the fact to the expectant Captain Hicks. "As soon as you feel you've got a grip on her," he yelled, "just hold her steady so she won't drive further up the beach when I get my anchor up. She'll come out like a loose tooth at the top of the flood."

The Aphrodite forged slowly ahead, taking in the slack of the hawser. Twenty minutes later, after much backing and swearing and heaving of lines the Bodega's hawser was also put board the Maggie. Mr. Gibney judged it would be safe now to fasten this line to the towing bits.

Suddenly Captain Scraggs remembered there was no one on duty in the Maggie's engine room. With a half sob, he slid down the greasy ladder, tore open the furnace doors and commenced shoveling in coal with a recklessness that bordered on insanity. When the indicator showed eighty pounds of steam he came up on deck and discovered Mr. Gibney walking solemnly round and round the little capstan up forward. It was creaking and groaning dismally. Captain Scraggs thrust his engine room torch above his head to light the scene and gazed upon his navigating officer in blank amazement.

"What foolishness is this, Gib?" he demanded. "Are you clean daffy, doin' a barn dance around that rusty capstan, makin' a noise fit to frighten the fish?"

"Not much," came the laconic reply. "I'm a smart man. I'm raisin' both anchors."

"Well, all I got to remark is that it takes a smart man to raise both anchors when we only got one anchor to our blessed name. An' with that anchor safe on the fo'castle head, I, for one, can't see no sense in raisin' it."

"You tarnation jackass!" sighed Gibney. "You forget who we are. Do you s'pose the steamer Yankee Prince can lay on the beach all night with both anchors out, an' then be got ready to tow off in three shakes of a lamb's tail? It takes noise to get up two anchors—so I'm makin' all the noise I can. Got any steam?"

"Eighty pounds," Scraggs confessed. Having for the moment forgotten his identity, he was confused in the presence of the superior intelligence of his navigating officer.

"Run aft, then, Scraggs, an' turn that cargo winch over to beat the band until I tell you to stop. With the drum runnin' free she'll make noise enough for a winch three times her size, but you might give the necessary yells to make it more lifelike."

Captain Scraggs fled to the winch. At the end of five minutes, Mr. Gibney appeared and bade him desist. Then, turning his improvised megaphone seaward he adddressed an imaginary mate: "Mr. Thompson, have you got your port anchor up?"

Scraggs took the cue immediately. "All clear forward, sir," he piped.

"Send the bosun for'd an' heave the lead, Mr. Thompson."

"Very well, sir."

Here The Squarehead, who had been enjoying the unique situation immensely, decided to take a hand. Presently, in sing-song cadence, he was reporting the depth of water alongside.

"That'll do, bosun," Gibney thundered. Then, in his natural voice, to Scraggs: "All set, Scraggsy. Guess we're ready to be pulled off. Get down in the engine room and stand by for full speed ahead when I give the word."

"Quick! Hurry!" Scraggs entreated as he disappeared through the little engine-room hatch, for the tide was now at the tip of the flood and the Maggie was bumping wickedly and driving further up the beach. Mr. Gibney turned his stovepipe seaward and shouted: "Tugboats, ahoy!"

"Ahoy!" they answered in unison.

"All ready! Let'er go-o-o-o!"

The Squarehead stationed himself at the bitts with a lantern and Mr. Gibney hastened to the pilot house and took his place at the wheel. When the hawsers commenced to lift out of the sea, The Squarehead gave a warning shout, whereupon Mr. Gibney called the engine room. "Give her the gun," he commanded Scraggs. "Pull against them tugs for all you're worth. Remember this is the steamer Yankee Prince. We must not come off too readily."

Captain Scraggs opened the throttle, and while the two tugs steadily drew her off into deep water, the Maggie fought valiantly to stick to the beach and even to continue her interrupted journey overland. She merely succeeded in stretching both hawsers taut; slowly she was drawn seaward, stern first, and at the expiration of fifteen minutes' steady pulling, Mr. Gibney could restrain himself no longer. He rang for full speed astern—and got it promptly. Then, calling Neils Halvorsen to aid him, he abandoned the wheel and scrambled aft.

With no one at the wheel, the Maggie shot off at a tangent and the hawsers slacked immediately. In the twinkling of an eye Mr. Gibney had cast them off, and as the ends disappeared with a swish over the stern he ran back to the pilot house, rang for full speed ahead, put his helm hard over,

Mr. Gibney Turned His Stovepipe Seaward and Shouted: "Tugboats, Ahoy!"

and headed the Maggie in the general direction of China, although as a matter of fact he cared not what direction he pursued, provided he got away from the beach and placed distance between the Maggie and two soon-to-be-furious tugboat skippers.

(Continued next week.)

The earned dollar is seldom the "burned" dollar.

Caught 28,000,000 Fish.

Fishing is not like farming. The farmer can reckon pretty well what his crops are going to yield, but the fisherman merely guesses.

Our East coast fishermen, for instance, guessed that they would be visited in the middle of last September by herrings. But the herrings did not come, according to London Answers. Then, when all hope had been relinquished the herrings turned up one day—some 28,000,000 of them.

Perhaps the late summer had made them lose count of the calendar and delay their visit.

Fishermen who had been looking glum returned with beaming faces. Three hundred and fifty boats, after dreary days of waiting, came back with loads averaging 80 crans each—that is, 80,000 herrings. Some boats had more, one bringing in 100,000 fish. The total fish landed in one day equaled 28,000,000, with millions more to follow.

Herrings, like swallows, have their migrating periods. The swallows fly free, but the poor herrings—or a goodly portion of them—are cooked and eaten.

Encouragement often pulls a man up on the job who has fallen down on the job.

Who remembers when the "heavy" business man of the village wore a black frock suit the year round?

INDUSTRIAL NEWS FROM ALL OVER CALIFORNIA

Richmond issues permit for new $500,000 Galena Signal Oil plant.

Greenwood—J. B. McClung examining district for construction of sawmill.

San Francisco—S. F. Whitman & Sons Candy Company opens branch factory.

Vallejo—$2,450,000 appropriation asked for wharfage repair work at navy yard.

Willows—Rice Growers' Association report 100,000 acres signed up for next five years.

San Rafael—Concrete bridge to be built over Keys creek at Tomales.

Sacramento—200,000 bags rice sold at California Rice Growers' Association's sale.

Sonoma—$112,2697 contract let for new Sonoma valley high school.

Berkeley—Mercantile Trust Company to establish local branch bank.

Sacramento—Highway commission awards three contracts totaling $527,569.31.

San Francisco—Freight reduction announced on poles and piling from Washington and Oregon to northern California points.

California apportioned $2,164,693 for improvement of national forests roads.

Vallejo—Solano Manufacturing Company, recently organized, to erect plant.

Visalia — County grape growers place orders for over 18,000,000 vines and cuttings.

Bellflower district alloted $653,050 for improvements by Southern Edison Company.

Montebello—Local water supply to be quadrupled.

Alhambra—$20,000 in building permits issued in March.

Los Angeles—Phonograph recording plant being established here.

San Pedro—Harbor City zinc plant operating successfully.

Byron—Great Western Power Company appropriates $50,000 for extending distribution of electric power in agricultural community centering at this Sacramento river point.

Building of fifty miles of new roads to be started in California during next thirty days under federal aid. Roads costing $1,500,000 will be built this year into national forests.

Santa Rosa—Shell Oil Company to start work on new station here.

San Francisco—Western Pacific announces freight rate reduction on many commodities, effective date not yet set.

Sausalito—Golden Gate Ferry Company secures ferry terminal; work to start early.

Burlingame — Army of workmen rushing work on amusement resort at Coyote Point.

Winters—Associated Oil Company receives seven carloads machinery for Berryessa oil field.

Vallejo—$20,000 medical supply depot being built at navy yard.

Paso Robles — Midland Counties Public Service to spend $100,000 extending lines.

Pescadero—Highway to Santa Cruz county line to be surfaced.

San Francisco—Plans completed for ten-story building at Powell and Post streets.

Delhi—Ten-acre experimental tract to be planted to peanuts.

Roseville—Roseville Ice Company lets contract for $50,000 plant.

Sacramento—Erection of 600 new homes planned for this year.

Atascadero—Contract let for modern cold storage plant.

Burlingame to built $30,000 business block.

Martinez—Building activities under way at present time total $100,000.

Monterey—Hovden cannery to be rebuilt at cost of $15,000.

Oakland—February municipal dock reports show 155 per cent increase over January.

Pleasanton district has prospect of 5500 acres of sugar beets for coming season.

Ukiah—Contract awarded for first link of Tahoe-Ukiah road.

Taft—Oil discovery near Twenty-five Hill district reviving activities.

Stockton issues building permits for week totaling $66,744.

Turlock — Orange crush bottling works erecting $20,000 plant.

Santa Ana—Citrus fruits and walnuts net county $24,000,000 in 1921.

San Pablo votes $45,000 bond issue for new sewer system.

Sonoma—San Francisco firm awarded $112,367 contract for new high school.

San Francisco — California farm bureau announces plant to sell third of 1922 grain crop, eliminating middleman.

Los Banos—Campaign launched for construction of vegetable, berry and fruit cannery.

Walnut Creek—Forty cars cauliflower to be shipped east from Lafayette district.

Stockton—High school to erect $80,000 auditorium, with 2400 seating capacity.

Signal Hill — Crest Consolidated brings in No. 1 well, making sixteenth producer in district.

Orange—Plans for $250,000 dam over Santiago creek formulating.

Paso Robles—Almond growers to build big concrete warehouse.

Los Angeles pays $11,000 for Edison Company's property in city.

San Rafael—Cost of proposed Mount Tamalpais road estimated $84,000.

Lakeport—Road over Elk Mountain to open up 5,000,000 feet of timber.

Owensmouth—Standard Oil Company to erect modern tank station.

San Francisco—$250,000 Christian Science church to be built.

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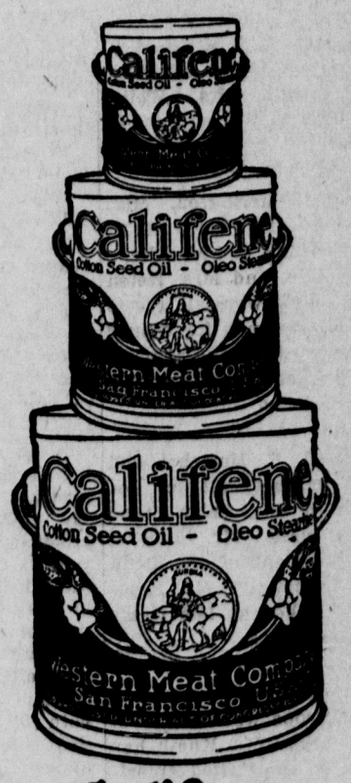

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LOCAL HAPPENINGS

Frank Sneath left last week on a month's surveying trip to Modesto.

* * * *

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas L. Hickey motored to San Jose Monday.

* * * *

Mrs. E. W. McLellan of Burlingame spent Thursday at the home of Mrs. J. O. Snyder.

* * * *

Mrs. J. O. Snyder spent Tuesday at the home of her sister, Mrs. A. Van Valin, of San Mateo.

* * * *

Mrs. A. D. Flafler of Oakland and daughter, Mary, were visitors at the A. P. Scott home last Sunday.

* * * *

The members of the Episcopal Guild will hold a food and apron sale at E. E. Cunningham's office April 88th.

* * * *

The Alumni Association of the local high school is planning to give a dance at the high school auditorium April 29th.

* * * *

Raymond Spangler has completed his freshman year at Stanford, and will be at home for some time before beginning his sophomore year.

* * * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Kauffmann will attend the Shriners' theater party this (Thursday) evening at the Alcazar, and dance later at the Palace Hotel.

* * * *

Edwin Brawn attended a Goodyear tire dealers' conference held at the Hotel Bellevue Tuesday. Lunch was served, talks given and moving pictures shown.

* * * *

Joseph Reichel, owner and manager of the Golden Eagle Hotel, moved his family from San Francisco to the hotel to live this week. Mr. Reichel recently sold his home in San Francisco.

* * * *

Reese Lloyd, who was seriously injured at the steel mill recently and who has since been under Dr. F. S. Dolley's care at the South San Francisco Hospital, is reported as steadily improving.

* * * *

A number of local residents are planning to go to Burlingame tomorrow (Friday) evening to hear Bishop Adna Leonard deliver an address on Americanism at the Burlingame Methodist church.

* * * *

Houses for sale on easy terms, also to rent, fur. and unfur. Lots for sale from $300 up, only $25 down and $5 a month. Why not buy and build your own home? Telephone 129, San Bruno. L. M. Hawkins.—Advt.

* * * *

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Dower, who have been visiting at the Thomas L. Hickey home, have taken apartments in Mrs. George Britton's house. Mr. and Mrs. Dower spent Sunday with friends at Burlingame.

* * * *

Illness has descended with a heavy hand on the family of City Clerk Daniel McSweeney. Mrs. McSweeney, Baby Ryan and Al Welty all have scarlet fever, while Mrs. Welty, daughter of Mrs. McSweeney, is ill with influenza.

* * * *

Miss Katherine Harrington, Miss Mattison and Mr. Howard, all of Galesburg, Ill., and Mr. and Mrs. Dave Martin of Palo Alto, and Mrs. Helen Jordan and son, Jack, were all guests at the W. J. Martin home for dinner Sunday. Mr. Howard is general manager of the Frost Manufacturing Company of Galesburg.

* * * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Hamshel and Mr. Hamshel's mother, all of Los Gatos, were in town a short time Thursday of last week. Mr. Hamshel was formerly president of the Bank of South San Francisco. Mr. Hamshel buried his father at Los Gatos Wednesday of last week.

* * * *

Henry Knoth of this city is planning a trip to Europe which will occupy several months. Mr. Knoth has secured passage on the United American line steamer Resolute, which sails May 2d from New York. He will leave for the East next week. Mr. Knoth, who is an iron and steel expert, will combine business and pleasure while in Europe, visiting relatives and representing several importing firms.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to offer our heartfelt thanks to the many friends who gave us of their kindly assistance and sympathy and sent beautiful floral offerings at the time of our recent bereavement in the death of our daughter and sister, Helen Belloni.

MRS. A. BELLONI.
LOUIS BELLONI.

SERVED HOT DISH

Kafir Host Possessed Peculiar Sense of Humor.

Traveler Had to Admit That in No Way Could the Dinner Be Called a Success.

High on the hillside we could see more than one Kafir village, hanging suspended, as it were, almost in mid air, but, since the inhabitants had a notoriously bad reputation, we hesitated to ask them the way. Not without some misgivings, we climbed the steep ascent until we gained a small village of some 20 houses. Shah Baz, who acted throughout as our interpreter, asked to see the headman, and that personage at once showed himself. He was inordinately vain, pompous and stupid, and every statement we made he flatly contradicted. When he heard to what family I belonged, however, he abandoned his offensive tone and addressed me courteously as an equal, Ikbal Ali Shah writes in Asia Magazine. He allotted a good enough house to us, mentioning with a rather unpleasant laugh that recent tribal squabbles had provided a little more house room in the village than usual. He informed us, indeed, that several of his young men were out on a foray across the hills.

Astan, the headman, grew more condescending, and, feeling that we must return his hospitality, we invited him to dinner. He refused the invitation rather haughtily, however, and issued one, which sounded very like a command, that we should dine with him. Resolved to comply with his wishes, we proceeded to his house and were very cordially received. He cleared our way to the table by kicking aside the numerous dogs that lay on the floor of the anteroom and ushered us into an inner chamber furnished with two large, rough bedsteads, on which he requested us to seat ourselves. Astan and his wife immediately set the meal on the table. When I refused the wine he proffered, he seemed somewhat offended and made a rather haughty remark about the temperance proclivities of Mussulmans. But I restored him to high good humor by praising the rice and milk, which Kafirs consider a great luxury, and he piled more and more of it on my platter, lamenting the while that he had no salt to flavor it with. Having foreseen this situation, I had provided myself with a small quantity of salt. I offered it to him, and he accepted it with sparkling eyes. Then, not to be outdone in the niceties of the table, he smothered the contents of my dish with chilli, and when I sneezed and coughed, laughed consumedly, telling me that spicy food put courage into a man. I kept my temper with difficulty, but, knowing full well how rash it would be to quarrel with him, took no notice of his doubtful pleasantries and gulped down the burning mess as best I might. From neither the social nor the culinary point of view was that dinner a success.

Hoosiers Abroad.

An Indianapolis woman who recently re-established her home in the city after living several years in California advertised some household goods for sale in a California paper.

Among the callers at her home was a woman whose husband waited outside in an automobile. The woman wished some furniture that could be used in a ranch house, but when she found that such articles were not among those offered for sale, she seemed reluctant to leave, although her husband honked impatiently at the auto horn.

Finally the visitor said: "There is something about you that makes me think you are a Hoosier."

"I am," came the reply. "My home is in Indianapolis."

"Well, I am from Indianapolis, too," said the visitor.

In the meantime the husband ceased to honk the auto horn. What he did was to enter the house and gently but firmly remind his wife that it was getting late and that they should be on their way home.—Indianapolis News.

Marvelous Energy.

A professor of chemistry at Columbia says that Sir Ernest Rutherford has bombarded nitrogen gas with the alpha rays of radium, thereby producing an explosion, the force and velocity of which is sufficient to send these helium atoms around the world in less than a second. This energy is millions of times greater than that generated by any chemical reactions, such as the combustion of coal. It is claimed that if these effects can be both intensified and controlled, we shall then have at our disposal an almost illimitable supply of power which will entirely transcend anything hitherto known.

Hot, Anyhow.

A little girl went to the desk of the Brightwood branch library and asked politely for "red-hot buns." She was directed to the nearest bakery when she said: "It isn't something to eat, it's a book I want for my mamma." Then the librarian sent her mother Grace Richmond's "Red Pepper Burns."—Indianapolis News.

Shivering Art.

"What did you think of the performance?"

"I didn't know whether to admire or sympathize," answered Miss Cayenne. "It was impossible to feel sure whether the lady was dancing or suffering an attack of malaria."

Daddy's Evening Fairy Tale

MARY GRAHAM BONNER

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GEESE IN ZOO

"If it were true, as some say it is," the African Spur-Winged Goose said, "that geese were so extremely foolish, they wouldn't bother to bring so many of us to the zoos, I am sure.

"Now I am a goose and yet I am in the zoo. So they can't think I am so utterly ridiculous.

"Besides, I have unusual things about me. All of us Mr. Geese, when we're seeking our mates, fight all the other Mr. Geese that get in our way.

"We have long spurs which are quite sharp, hidden in our wings and we get them out when they are required, and quite often they are needed for use by the young Mr. Geese,

"We want the mates we pick out and we fight for them and they feel highly flattered.

"To be sure, it spoils them a little bit but then we get what we want that way, and that is extremely nice. That makes up for spoiling them, quite, quite."

"We are here in the zoo, too," said Mr. Bar-Headed Goose, "and pray do not forget us."

"What about you?" asked the African Spur-Winged Goose. "Do you fight for your mates?"

"No," Mr. Bar-Headed Goose answered.

"Then what do you do?" asked the African Spur-Winged Goose. "You should do something or have something interesting about you. Most

"I Am as Handsome."

creatures have, if we bother to find out, and so I hope you have. You notice I'm bothering to find out."

"Well," said the Bar-Headed Goose, "I'm from the mountains of the central part of Asia. Yes, they must think something of me and of my family to bring me such a great distance.

"There we build our nests more than a mile above the sea. But that isn't why they brought us here. I will tell you why."

"Do," said the African Spur-Winged Goose.

"We are considered more handsome than any other geese."

"Well, that is a distinction," said the African Spur-Winged Goose.

"I am as handsome as any geese from this part of the world, though," said the White-Fronted Goose. "I came from Alaska where I lived in a hollow which we called our nest, as we made the lovely ground floor and walls and ceiling of moss and other soft things which we put over the sand."

"I'm nothing but a Common Wild Goose, but still they asked me if I would stay in the zoo, so I'm staying to oblige them.

"Yes, with all the geese that they have here I do not think anyone can make fun of the geese and call them so foolish and so silly and all those things they have called them.

"For they've brought us here for people to come and look at along with the lions and bears and tigers and elephants."

"Of course," said the African Spur-Winged Goose. "I am more of a duck than I am of a goose."

"What is the matter with you?" asked the White-Fronted Goose. "Are you becoming ashamed of being a goose?"

"Yes; what is the matter with you?" asked the Bar-Headed Goose. "I'd like to know that, too. I'd really like to know why you say you're more of a duck than a goose."

"Are you going back on us?" asked the Graylag Goose, who was of the family of wild geese who are the relatives of the barnyard geese.

"We're not ashamed of being geese. We're proud of it. We think people are foolish to think geese are foolish!

"We're not ashamed of what we are. What is the matter with you?"

"Yes, tell us, tell us," they all shrieked.

There was a great deal of noise then in the pond, where they were all swimming, which had been made for them in a house in the zoo, for it was winter time.

"I will tell you; pray be patient," said the African Spur-Winged Goose.

"He will tell us," they all shrieked, "if only we will be patient."

"Then let me speak," said the African Spur-Winged Goose.

"I am proud of being a goose and of having as my name the honorable name of Goose, but I am somewhat of a duck as far as my looks are concerned. I cannot help those, you know, and I am proud of being a goose, for that is the name I keep, you see."

"Yes, he shows by that he is proud of being a goose. It is all right," the others shrieked.

Places you'll want to visit in San Francisco

DIRECTORY AND AMUSEMENT GUIDE

Published Every Week for the Guidance of Our Patrons.

For the Week Beginning April 2

Theaters and Business Houses

LOEW'S HIPPODROME
O'Farrell St., near Powell
Week of April 2d
Alice Lake in
"THE GOLDEN GIFT"
Five Acts of Excellent Vaudeville

THE GOLDEN GATE
Week of April 2d
STANDARD VAUDEVILLE
and
FEATURE PHOTOPLAYS
Continuous from 12:45 to 11:30 p. m. daily

ORPHEUM
Week of April 2d
Billy B. Van and James J. Corbett in a travesty entitled
"THE EIGHTEENTH AMENDMENT"
Other Big Acts

COLUMBIA
Week of April 2d
"THE BOHEMIAN GIRL"

ALCAZAR
O'Farrell St., bet. Powell and Mason
Week of April 2d
"BAB"
By Mary Roberts Rinehart
Brathes the spirit of youth

PANTAGES THEATER
Week of April 2d
World's Greatest Gymnasts
THE FOUR BARDS
Elizabeth Nelson and Barry Boys; Jim and Irene Marlyn; Golden and March; David Reese; Hazel Moran.
"HEARTS O' THE RANGE"
With Mel Hertz at the Organ

PORTOLA
Week of April 2d
Harold Lloyd in
"THE SAILOR-MADE EMAN"
Richard Talmadge in
"THE UNKNOWN"

IMPERIAL
Week of April 2d
"ALL FOR A WOMAN"

GRANADA
Week of April 2d
"SISTERS,"
Featuring Seena Owen and Mat Moore
"Pierette," second Granada Ballet.

FRANCESCA
PARAMOUNT PICTURES

RIALTO
Week of April 2d
Marion Davies in
"THE BRIDE'S PLAY"

CALIFORNIA
Week of April 2d
Clara K. Young in
"THE WORLDL MADONNA"
California Orchestra, Herman Heller, Director.
Pathe News—Screen Topics

STRAND THEATER
Week of April 2d
Nazimova in
"A DOLL'S HOUSE"

TIVOLI
Week of April 2d
"THE SHEIK'S WIFE"

FROLIC THEATER
Week of April 2d
Marie Prevost in
"THE DANGEROUS LITTLE DEMON"

CENTURY
Week of April 2d
"THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES"

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Open Saturday evening, 6 to 8, for deposits

INDUSTRIAL NEWS FROM ALL OVER CALIFORNIA

Merced—Los Angeles firm starts work on 100 homes to accommodate influx xfollowing in wake of $12,000,000 irrigation project.

San Fernando—100,000 boxes lemons shipped out since November 1st.

San Miguel—$100,000 electric power line to San Lucas started.

Turlock starts $30,000 worth of building during month.

Paso Robles—Modern brick business block to be erected.

Red Bluff—Paving operations resumed on highway to Redding.

Lodi—Citizens' National Bank opens with $239,544 deposits firfist day.

Crescent City—Preparatory work for construction of harbor started.

Grass Valley—Work on Grass Valley-Bear River unit resumed.

Placerville—$24,490 contract let for building Chili Bar bridge.

Elsinore—Excavation started for n w $10,000 Masonic temple.

California Pottery Company moves Oakland plant to Merced.

Lodi — Opening prices on local grapes estimated $100 per ton.

Ontario — $125,000 building to be erected on Benedict property.

Merced district starts construction $12,000,000 project.

Viola—Highway to Mineral gets $20,000 federal funds.

Tracy awards $65,150 contract for new grammar school.

Oakdale—Drilling oil well on Rushing land revived.

Capitola—Bay Head Land Company, a $500,000 corporation, organized.

Riverside—$15,000 grandstand to be erected at fair grounds.

Chico—W. O. W. have $100,000 four-story building planned.

Turlock gets two new modern oil stations.

San Francisco—Golden Gate Park to get $100,000 stadium.

Suisun—$127,356 contract let for highway paving work.

Belleflower—Construction of modern office building started.

Oil companies pay state $10,000,000 under new leasing act.

Contract let for seventeen miles Paso Robles-Bakersfield pavement.

Santa Ana—Plans completed for $140,000 hotel.

Guerneville—Contract let for $95,000 bridge over Russian river.

Corcoran—Fifty-eight bales of Durango cotton sells for 20 cents per pound.

Grass Valley—1100 miners employed throughout this district.

Los Angeles—Southern Pacific to build 020 steel box cars in local shops.

Richmond—Sanitary factory to spend $60,000 doubling capacity of plant.

Los Angeles claims to be heaviest user of gas in state.

Alameda—Work to start on naval base soon.

1921 grape crop valued at $26,628,850.

San Pedro—Methodsists to erect $85,000 church.

Inglewood—$80,000 fireproof building to be constructed.

Shipments fruit and vegetables in 1921 show 27 per cent increase.

Dunsmuir—Much building activity planned.

Glendale—K. of C. to build $50,000 club.

Tracy—$300,000 bond issue to reclaim 8500 acres land voted.

Dunsmuir to have up-to-date park and auto camp ground.

Van Camp Company to erect four packing plants in state.

Los Angeles Gas and Electric and Southern California Gas Company to spend millions this summer to prevent recurrence of gas shortage.

San Francisco now has population of 670,000.

Southern Pacific and Santa Fe railroads have been authorized by the Railroad Commission to make reductions on petroleum and its products in the Los Angeles division.

BORN

MEUIGHETTI—In South San Francisco, March 10, 1922, to the wife of A. Meuighetti, a son.

BUEHLER—In South San Francisco, March 12, 1922, to the wife of A. Buehler, a daughter.

FAKKIMA—In South San Francisco, March 17, 1922, to the wife of R. Fakkima, a son.

MARSHAL—At the South San Francisco Hospital, March 29, 1922, to the wife of A. Marshal, a daughter.

A girl wishes to marry so that she won't be left, but after she's married she often finds that she gets left.

Some acquire riches by work, others have riches thrust upon them by their parents, and others bootleg.

Patronize community dealers.

TIKES AND TEENERS.

(Continued from page 5.)

just wanted to d-die!" wailed Peggy.

"Yes, it was pretty bad," comforted her mother, shaken between a sob and a smile. "Guess this was what death meant. Hope it cures you, dear."

"Yes'm! I s'pose it was coming to me, but oh, dear! how can I ever look the kids in the face again?"

Peggy was cured. There was no doubt about that. For weeks the very sight of a pin or the flash of something rosy would cause a panic feeling at the pit of her stomach, and oh! how she hated the taunting nickname! But it was many a day before she heard the last of that.

NEW RECORDS

18863 Hortense
Never Mind
18865 Cutie
Lonesome Hours
18868 Virginia Blues
Venetian Love Boat
18869 Carolina Rolling Stones
There's Silver in Your Hair
87335 Caruso Messe Solennelle

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